KIT-Kalaignarkarunanidhi Institute of Technology (An Autonomous Institution) Coimbatore – 641 402.

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

PG – Computer Science and Engineering Conceptual Frame work (For Students admitted from the Academic Year 2023-24 and onwards)

Semester	Level of Course	Hours / Week	No of Courses	Range of Credits/ Courses	Total Credits
	PARTI				
A - Founda	ation Courses				
I I	Basic Science (BS)	4	1	4	4
B - Profes	sional Core Courses				
I to III	Professional Core (PC)	3	12	3-4	37
C - Electiv	e Courses				
I to III	Professional Elective (PE)	3	4	3	12
D – Projec	t Work				
III & IV	Project Work (PW)	12 -24	2	<mark>6 -</mark> 12	18
	Total Credit				71
	PART II - Career Enhanceme	ent Course	s (CEC)		
11	Term paper and Seminar	2	1	1	
111	Total Credit				01
	Total Credits to be Ear	ned			72

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Scheme of Instructions and Examinations (For Students admitted from the Academic Year 2023-2024 and onwards)

Semester I												
Course Code	Course Name	СТ	Inst	ruct	iona	al Ho	urs	As	ssessm	ent		
Course Coue	Course Name		СР	L	Τ	Ρ	С	CIA	ESE	Total		
Theory / Theory	with Practical							-	-			
M23MAT102	Applied Probability and Statistics for Computer Science Engineers	BS	4	3	1	0	4	40	60	100		
M23CST101	Research Methodology and IPR	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100		
M23CST102	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100		
M23CST105	Database Practices	PC	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100		
M23CST103	Network Technologies	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100		
M23CST104	Principles of Programming Languages	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100		
Practical												
M23CSP101	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	PC	4	0	4	0	2	40	60	100		
	Total credits to be earned						22					

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	Semes	ter II								
Course Code	Course Name	СТ		nstr H	ucti our	ona s		As	ssessm	nent
			СР	4	Т	Ρ	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CST204	Internet of Things	PC	4	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
MODOCTOOD	Multi-core Architecture and	PC	4	3	1	0	4	10	60	100
WI23C51202	Programming							40	60	
M23CST203	Machine Learning	PC	4	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CST201	Advanced Software Engineering	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
	Professional Elective I	PE	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
	Professional Elective II	PE	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
Practical										
M23CSP201	Software Engineering Laboratory	PC	0	0	0	2	2	40	60	100
M23CSP202	Term paper and Seminar	CEC	2	0	2	0	1	40	60	100
Total credits to be earned 24										

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Semester III													
Course Code		СТ	Ins	struc	tional	Hou	rs	A	ssessm	ent			
Course Coue	Course Name		СР	L	Т	Ρ	С	CIA	ESE	Total			
M23CST301	Security Practices	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100			
	Professional Elective III	PE	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100			
	Professional Elective IV	PE	4	3	Ţ	0	4	50	50	100			
	Open Elective I	PC	- 3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100			
Practical								<u></u>					
M23CSP301	Project Phase I	PW	12	0	12	0	6	40	60	100			
	Total credits to be ea					19							

	Semester IV										
Course Code		СТ	Ins	struc	tiona	al <mark>Hou</mark>	rs	A	ssessm	ent	
Course Coue	Course Nam	e	U	СР	L	Т	Ρ	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CSP401	Project Phase II		PW	24	0	0	24	12	40	60	100
	ned					12					



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BASIC SCIENCES (BS)

			In	struct	tional	Hou	rs	Assessment			
Course Code	ourse Course Name Code	СТ	СР	L	т	Ρ	С	CIA	ESE	Total	
M23MAT102	Applied Probability and Statistics for Computer Science Engineers	BS	4	3	0	1	4	40	60	100	

PROFESSIONAL CORE (PC)

	64		Instructional Hours					As	sessm	ent
Course Code	Course Name	СТ	СР	Ļ	F	Р	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CST101	Research Methodology and IPR	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CST102	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	РС	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CST105	Database Practices	PC	4	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CST103	Network Technologies	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CST104	Principles of Programming Languages	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CST204	Internet of Things	PC	4	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CST202	Multi-core Architecture and Programming	РС	4	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CST203	Machine Learning COIME	PC	D R E	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CST201	Advanced Software Engineering	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CST301	Security Practices	PC	3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100

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			In	struc	tional	Hou	rs	As	sessm	ent
Course Code	Course Name	СТ	СР	L	т	Ρ	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CSE201	Human Computer Interaction	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE202	Cloud Computing Technologies	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE203	Foundations of Data Sciences	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE204	Wireless Communications	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE205	Agile Methodologies	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE206	Performance Analysis of Computer Systems	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE207	Advanced Operating System	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE208	Digital Image Processing	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES (PE)

Semester – II Elective – I

Semester – II Elective – II

Ш	COIMB	AT	ORr	struc	ctiona	l Hour	'S	As	sessm	ent
Course Code	Course Name	СТ	СР	4	F	Ρ	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CSE209	High Performance Computing for Big Data	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE210	Informational Retrieval Techniques	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE211	Software Quality Assurance	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE212	Autonomous Systems	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE213	Web Analytics	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE214	Cognitive Computing	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE215	Quantum Computing	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE216	Big Data Mining and Analytics	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100

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			In	struc	tional	Hou	rs	Α	ssessm	ent
Course Code	Course Name	СТ	СР	L	т	Ρ	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CSE301	Mobile and Pervasive Computing	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE302	Web Services and API Design	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE303	Data Visualization Techniques	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE304	Compiler Optimization Techniques	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE305	Formal Models of Software Systems	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE306	Robotics	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE307	Natural Language Processing	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100
M23CSE308	GPU Computing	PE	3	0	0	0	3	40	60	100

Semester – III Elective – III

Semester – III Electives – IV

	CC	IMB	ATío	struc	tional	S	Α	ssessm	ent	
Course Code	Course Name	СТ	СР	L	F	Р	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CSE309	Devops and Microservices	PE	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CSE310	Mobile Application Development	PE	3	З	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CSE311	Deep Learning	PE	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CSE312	Blockchain Technologies	PE	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CSE313	Embedded Software Development	PE	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CSE314	Full Stack Web Application Development	PE	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CSE315	Bioinformatics	PE	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CSE316	Cyber Physcial Systems	PE	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100
M23CSE317	Mixed Reality	PE	3	3	1	0	4	40	60	100

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			In	stru	ction	al Hou	Assessment			
Course Code	Course Name	СТ	СР	L	т	Р	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CSP301	Project Work - Phase I	PW	12	0	12	0	6	40	60	100
M23CSP401	Project Work - Phase II	PW	24	0	24	0	12	40	60	100

PROJECT WORK (PW)

CAREER ENHANCEMENT COURSE (CEC)

			In	stru	ction	al Hou	Assessment			
Course Code	Course Name	СТ	СР	L	т	Р	С	CIA	ESE	Total
M23CSP202	Term Paper and Seminar	CEC	2	0	2	0	1	100	3	100

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	Semester - I				
ME	M23CST101- RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR	L	Т	Ρ	С
IVI. L		3	0	0	3
Course	Objectives				
1. To u	nderstand the basics of research formulation and design				
2. To le	earn the concept of data collection and sources.				
3. To s	udy about data analytics and report writing.				
4. To le	earn the concept of IPR.				
5. To u	nderstand about the benefits and registration of patent.				
UNIT – I	RESEARCH DESIGN			ç	Э
Overview the resea	of research process and design, Use of Secondary and exploration of research process and design, Use of Secondary and exploration studies, Experimentary of the second studies o	atory onents	data te and S	o ans Survey	wer ys.
UNIT – II	DATA COLLECTION AND SOURCES			ę	3
Measure	ments, Measurement Scales, Questionnaires and Instrume	nts, S	Samp	ling a	and
methous	Data - Frepaining, Exploring, examining and displaying.				1
UNIT – II	DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORTING			ę	Э
Overview Associati	of Multivariate analysis, Hypotheses testing an on. Presenting Insights and findings using written reports and ora	d N al pres	/leasu sentat	ires ion.	of
UNIT – I	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS		\geq	Ş)
Intellectu	al Property – The concept of IPR, Evolution and development	of co	oncep	t of II	PR,
IPR deve	elopment process, Trade secrets, utility Models, IPR & Biodive	rsity,	Role	of WI	PO
and WTC) in IPR establishments, Right of Property, Common rules of IF	PR pra	actice	s, Ty	pes
and Feat	ures of IPR Agreement, Trademark, Functions of UNESCO in IP	'R ma	intena	ance.	
UNIT – V	PATENTS			ç	Э

Patents – objectives and benefits of patent, Concept, features of patent, Inventive step, Specification, Types of patent application, process E-filing, Examination of patent, Grant of

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patent, Revocation, Equitable Assignments, Licenses, Licensing of related patents, patent agents, Registration of patent agents.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes

Students will be able to:

CO1: Outline the concept of research formulation and design.

CO2: Demonstrate the process of data collection and sources.

CO3: Make use of the data analysis methods and report writing.

CO4: Apply the basics of IPR and its functions.

CO5: Make use of the benefits and registration of patent.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/PC PSO	D &	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO 3 (K5)	PO 4 (K5)	PO 5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO 7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	P012 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	2	2	1		-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
CO2	K2	3	2	2	-		1	_		-	-	-	1	2	3
CO3	К3	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3
CO4	К3	2	2	2		-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
CO5	К3	2	2	1	-	-	1	-		- -	-	-	1	2	2
Weigh Avera	nted ge	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2

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2- Moderate

1- Weak

Reference Books

- The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, "Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice", September 2013
- 2. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, "Business Research Methods", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).
- 3. Catherine J. Holland, "Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets", Entrepreneur Press, 2007.
- 4. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, "Patent searching: tools & techniques", Wiley, 2007.



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M.E	M23CST102 - ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND	L	Т	Ρ	С
	ALGORITHMS	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand the usage of algorithms in computing
- 2. To learn and use hierarchical data structures and its operations
- 3. To learn the usage of graphs and its applications
- 4. To select and design data structures and algorithms that is appropriate for problems
- 5. To study about NP Completeness of problems.

UNIT - I ROLE OF ALGORITHMS IN COMPUTING & COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS

Review of Basic Concepts, Asymptotic Analysis of Recurrences Asymptotic notation-Importance of efficient algorithms- Program performance measurement. Randomized Algorithms. Randomized Quicksort, Analysis of Hashing algorithms. The Recursion-Implementing Recursion using Stacks, Queues – ADT.

UNIT- II HIERARCHICAL DATA STRUCTURES

Binary Search Trees: Basics - Querying a Binary search tree - Insertion and Deletion-

Application to Splay Trees. External Memory ADT - B-Trees. Applications to Shortest Path

Algorithms .Basic operations on B-Trees. Red Black trees: Properties of Red-Black Trees -

Rotations - Insertion - Deletion-Priority Queues and Their Extensions: Heap- Binomial heaps,

Fibonacci heaps. String Matching algorithms.

UNIT-III GRAPHS

Elementary Graph Algorithms: Breadth-First Search – Depth-First Search – Topological Sort – Strongly Connected Components- Minimum Spanning Trees: Growing a Minimum Spanning Tree – Kruskal's and Prims– Single-Source Shortest paths in Directed Acyclic

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Graphs – Dijkstra's Algorithm; Dynamic Programming - All-Pairs Shortest Paths: Shortest Paths and Matrix Multiplication – The Floyd-Warshall's Algorithm-Connectivity.

UNIT- IV ALGORITHM DESIGN TECHNIQUES

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Dynamic Programming: Matrix-Chain Multiplication – Elements of Dynamic Programming – Longest Common Subsequence- Greedy Algorithms: – Elements of the Greedy Strategy- An Activity-Selection Problem - Huffman Coding. Backtracking, branch and bound,Brute force search.

UNIT- V NP COMPLETE AND NP HARD

NP-Completeness: Polynomial Time – Polynomial-Time Verification – NP- Completeness and Reducibility – NP-Completeness Proofs – NP-Complete Problems.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes

Students will be able to

CO1: Apply the computational complexity of different algorithms.

CO2: Identify computational solution to well-known problems using hierarchical data structure.

CO3: Solve minimum cost problems using graphs.

CO4: Apply algorithms using appropriate design techniques.

CO5: Infer all the possible solutions for a given problem using Backtracking, Branch and Bound.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

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CO/P(PS(0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO 3 (K5)	PO 4 (K5)	PO 5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO 7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K3	3	2	3	2	2		-				-	3	2	1
CO2	K3	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-			+	2	3	1
CO3	K3	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-		_	2	2	2
CO4	K3	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1
CO5	K2	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-		3	3	1
Weigh Avera	ited ge	3	2	2	2	2		-	-		•	·	2	2	1

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Text Books

1. Jean-Paul Tremblay and Paul G Sorenson, An Introduction to Data structures with Applications, Second Edition, McGraw Hill, 1994 (chapters 0,2-5).

DIMBATORE

2."Introduction to Algorithms" by Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein.

REFERENCES

1. S.Sridhar," Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Oxford University Press, 1st Edition, 2014.

2. Adam Drozdex, "Data Structures and algorithms in C++", Cengage Learning, 4th Edition, 2013.

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3. T.H. Cormen, C.E.Leiserson, R.L. Rivest and C.Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2012.

4. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2009.

5. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", University Press, 2nd Edition, 2008.

6. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.



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		L	Т	Ρ	С	
IVI.E	M23CST105- DATABASE PRACTICES	3	1	0	4	

Course Objectives

1. Describe the fundamental elements of relational database management systems

2. Explain the basic concepts of relational data model, entity-relationship model, relational database design, relational algebra and SQL.

3. Understand query processing in a distributed database system.

4. Understand the basics of XML and create well-formed and valid XML documents.

5. Distinguish the different types of NoSQL databases

UNIT – I RELATIONAL DATA MODEL

Entity Relationship Model – Relational Data Model – Mapping Entity Relationship Model to Relational Model – Relational Algebra – Structured Query Language – Database Normalization. Data Definition Language: Create, Alter and Drop - Enforce Primary Key, Foreign Key, Check, Unique and Not Null Constraints - Creating Views. Data Manipulation Language: Insert, Delete, Update - Cartesian product -Equi Join, Left Outer Join, Right Outer Join and Full Outer Join - Aggregate Functions - Set Operations - Nested Queries. Transaction Control Language: Commit, Rollback and Save Points.

UNIT – II DISTRIBUTED DATABASESOPEN DATABASE CONNECTIVITY 12

Distributed Database Architecture – Distributed Data Storage – Distributed Transactions – Distributed Query Processing – Distributed Transaction Management – Event Condition Action Model – Design and Implementation Issues for Active Databases – Open Database Connectivity.Suggested Activities: Distributed Database Design and Implementation - Row Level and Statement Level Triggers - Accessing a Relational Database using PHP, Python and R.

UNIT – III XML DATABASES

Structured, Semi structured, and Unstructured Data - XML Hierarchical Data Model - XML

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Documents – Document Type Definition – XML Schema – XML Documents and Databases – XML Querying – XPath – XQuery. Suggested Activities: Creating XML Documents, Document Type Definition and XML Schema - Using a Relational Database to store the XML documents as text - Using a Relational Database to store the XML documents as data elements - Creating or publishing customized XML documents from pre-existing relational databases - Extracting XML Documents from Relational Databases - XML Querying.

UNIT – IV NOSQL DATABASES AND BIG DATA STORAGE SYSTEMS 12

NoSQL – Categories of NoSQL Systems – CAP Theorem – Document-Based NoSQL Systems and MongoDB – MongoDB Data Model – MongoDB Distributed Systems Characteristics – NoSQL Key-Value Stores – DynamoDB Overview – Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store – Wide Column NoSQL Systems – Hbase Data Model – Hbase Crud Operations – Hbase Storage and Distributed System Concepts – NoSQL Graph Databases and Neo4j – Cypher Query Language of Neo4j – Big Data – MapReduce – Hadoop – YARN.Suggested Activities: Creating Databases using MongoDB, DynamoDB, Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store Hbase and Neo4j- Writing simple queries to access databases created using MongoDB, DynamoDB, Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store Hbase and Neo4j.

UNIT – V DATABASE SECURITY

Database Security Issues – Discretionary Access Control Based on Granting and Revoking Privileges – Mandatory Access Control and Role-Based Access Control for Multilevel Security – SQL Injection – Statistical Database Security – Flow Control – Encryption and Public Key Infrastructures – Preserving Data Privacy – Challenges to Maintaining Database Security – Database Survivability – Oracle Label-Based Security Suggested Activities: Implementing Access Control in Relational Databases

Total Instructional hours: 60

12

Course Outcomes

Students will be able to

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CO1: Translate the ER-model to relational tables, populate relational databases and formulate SQL queries on data.

CO2: Explain and write well-formed XML documents

CO3: Apply methods and techniques for distributed query processing.

CO4: Experiment with secure database systems.

CO5: Make use of the data control, definition, and manipulation languages of the NoSQL databases

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/PC PSO	D &	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO 3 (K5)	PO 4 (K5)	PO 5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO 7 (K2) (A3)	P08 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-		-		1	2	1
CO2	K2	3	2	2	2	1		-	-	-	-		1	2	1
CO3	К3	3	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
CO4	К3	2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	Y	1	1	2
CO5	K3	2	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Weigh Averaç	ted ge	3	2	3	2	1	-	_		-	-	-	1`	2	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Reference Books

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1. Henry F. Korth, Abraham Silberschatz, S. Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", Seventh Edition, McGraw Hill, 2019

2. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education 2016.

3. Raghu Ramakrishnan , Johannes Gehrke "Database Management Systems", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2015.

4. Harrison, Guy, "Next Generation Databases, NoSQL and Big Data", First Edition, Apress publishers, 2015.

5. C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, "An Introduction to Database Systems, Eighth Edition, Pearson Education, 2006



M.E	M23CST103 - NETWORK TECHNOLOGIES	L	Т	Ρ	С
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of networks.
- 2. To explore various technologies in the wireless domain.
- 3. To study about 4G and 5G cellular networks.
- 4. To learn about Network Function Virtualization.
- 5. To understand the paradigm of Software defined networks

UNIT – I NETWORKING CONCEPTS

Peer To Peer Vs Client-Server Networks. Network Devices. Network Terminology. Network Speeds. Network throughput, delay. OSI Model. Packets, Frames, And Headers. Collision AndBroadcast Domains. LAN Vs WAN. Network Adapter. Hub. Switch. Router. Firewall, IP addressing.

UNIT – II WIRELESS NETWORKS TO RE

Wireless access techniques- IEEE 802.11a, 802.11g, 802.11e, 802.11n/ac/ax/ay/ba/be, QoS – Bluetooth – Protocol Stack – Security – Profiles – zigbee.

UNIT – III MOBILE DATA NETWORKS

4G Networks and Composite Radio Environment – Protocol Boosters – Hybrid 4G Wireless Networks Protocols – Green Wireless Networks – Physical Layer and Multiple Access – Channel Modelling for 4G – Concepts of 5G – channel access –air interface -Cognitive Radiospectrum management – C-RAN architecture - Vehicular communications-protocol – Network slicing – MIMO, mmWave, Introduction to 6G.

UNIT – IV SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS

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SDN Architecture. Characteristics of Software-Defined Networking. SDN- and NFV-Related Standards. SDN Data Plane. Data Plane Functions. Data Plane Protocols. OpenFlow

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Logical Network Device. Flow Table Structure. Flow Table Pipeline. The Use of Multiple Tables. Group Table. OpenFlow Protocol. SDN Control Plane Architecture. Control Plane Functions. Southbound Interface. Northbound Interface. Routing. ITU-T Model. OpenDaylight. OpenDaylight Architecture. OpenDaylight Helium. SDN Application Plane Architecture. Northbound Interface. Network Services Abstraction Layer. Network Applications. User Interface.

UNIT – V NETWORK FUNCTIONS VIRTUALIZATION

Motivation-Virtual Machines – NFV benefits-requirements – architecture- NFV Infrastructure -Virtualized Network Functions - NFV Management and Orchestration- NFV Use Cases- NFV and SDN – Network virtualization – VLAN and VPN

Total Instructional hours: 45

9

Course Outcomes

Students will be able to

CO1: Explain basic networking concepts

CO2: Compare different wireless networking protocols

CO3:Identify the developments in each generation of mobile data networks.

CO4 Plan and develop SDN based applications.

CO5:Interpret the concepts of network function virtualization

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

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CO/PO& PSO		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
		(K3)	(K4)	(K5)	(K5)	(K6)	(K3)	(K2)	(K3)	(A3)	(A3)	(K3)	(A3)	(K4)	(K3)
							(A3)	(A3)	(A3)			(A3)		(A3)	(A3)
CO1	K2	2	1	1	-	-	-			-		-	1	2	1
CO2	K2	2	2	2	¢,		-					-	1	2	1
CO3	K3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-		- 1	1	2	1
CO4	К3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	R	1	1	1
CO5	K2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	1	1
Weigh Avera	nted ge	3	2	2	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		2	1
							1	1							

2- Moderate

1- Weak

COIMBATORE

Reference Books:

1.James Bernstein, "Networking made Easy", 2018. (UNIT I)

2.HoudaLabiod, Costantino de Santis, HossamAfifi "Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, Zigbee and WiMax", Springer 2007 (UNIT 2)

3.Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold, 4G: LTE/LTE-Advanced for Mobile Broadband, Academic Press, 2013 (UNIT 3)

4.Saad Z. Asif "5G Mobile Communications Concepts and Technologies" CRC press – 2019 (UNIT 3)

 William Stallings "Foundations of Modern Networking: SDN, NFV, QoE, IoT, and Cloud" 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2016. (Unit 4 and 5)

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M.E	M23CST104 - PRINICIPLES OF PROGRAMMING	L	Т	Ρ	С
	LANGUAGES	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand and describe syntax and semantics of programming languages.
- 2. To understand data, data types, and basic statements.
- 3. To understand call-return architecture and ways of implementing them
- 4. To understand object-orientation, concurrency, and event handling in programming languages
- 5. To develop programs in non-procedural programming paradigms.

UNIT I SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS

Evolution of programming languages – principles of language syntax – context – free grammars –attribute grammars – describing semantics – lexical analysis – parsing – recursive-descent – bottom- up parsing.

UNIT II DATA, DATA TYPES, AND BASIC STATEMENTS

Names – variables – binding – type checking – scope – scope rules – lifetime and garbage collection –primitive data types–strings–array types– associative arrays–record types– union types- type Equivalence – pointers and references – Arithmetic expressions – overloaded operators – type conversions – relational and boolean expressions – assignment statements – mixed- mode assignments – control structures – selection – iterations – branching – guarded statements-Short Circuit Evaluation.

UNIT III SUBPROGRAMS AND IMPLEMENTATIONS

Subprograms – design issues – local referencing – parameter passing – overloaded methods – Generic methods – design issues for functions – semantics of call and return – implementing Simple subprograms – stack and dynamic local variables – nested

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subprograms – blocks – Dynamic scoping- Introductions to Data Abstraction- Design Issues-Language Examples- Encapsulation Constructs- Naming Encapsulations.

UNIT IV OBJECT-ORIENTATION, CONCURRENCY, AND EVENT HANDLING

Object-orientation – design issues for OOP languages – implementation of object-oriented constructs – concurrency in function languages – semaphores – monitors – message passing – threads – statement level concurrency – exception handling in Ada,c++,JAVA – event handling.

UNIT V FUNCTIONAL AND LOGIC PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Introduction to lambda calculus – fundamentals of functional programming languages – Programming with Scheme – Programming with ML – Introduction to logic and logic programming–Application of logic programming – Programming with Prolog – multi-paradigm

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes

CO1: Analyze syntax and semantics of programming languages

CO2: Explain data, data types, and basic statements of programming languages

CO3: Develop and implement subprogram constructs

CO4: Apply object-oriented, concurrency, and event handling programming constructs

CO5: Develop programs in Scheme, ML, and Prolog and Understand and adopt new programming language.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

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CO/PC PSO) &	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO 3 (K5)	PO 4 (K5)	PO 5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO 7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K4	3	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-		-	3	2	2
CO2	K2	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO3	K3	3	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
CO4	K3	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
CO5	K3	2	2	3	1	3	-	-		-	-	-	3	3	1
Weigh Avera	ted ge	3	3	2	2	1	İ	-	-		•		2	2	2

2- Moderate

1- Weak

REFERENCES

- 1. Concepts of Programming Languages Robert. W. Sebesta 10/E, Pearson Education.
- 2. Programming Language Design Concepts, D. A. Watt, Wiley Dreamtech, 2007.
- Robert W. Sebesta, "Concepts of Programming Languages", Eleventh Edition, Addison Wesley,2012
- 4. W. F. Clocksin and C. S. Mellish, "Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard", Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003
- 5. Michael L.Scott, "Programming Language Pragmatics", Fourth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.
- 6. R.KentDybvig, "TheSchemeprogramminglanguage", FourthEdition, MITPress, 2009
- 7. Richard A. O'Keefe, "The craft of Prolog", MIT Press, 2009
- 8. W.F.ClocksinandC.S.Mellish, "ProgramminginProlog:UsingtheISOStandard", Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003

Approved by BoS Chairman

M.E	M	23CSP101- ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND	L	Т	Ρ	С
		ALGORITHMS LABORATORY	0	0	4	2
Course C	Objectiv	'es:				
	1. To	acquire the knowledge of using advanced tree structures				
	2. To	learn the usage of heap structures				
	3. To	o understand the usage of graph structures and spanning tre	es			
	4. To	understand the problems such as matrix chain multiplica	ition, a	activity	/ sel	ectior
	an	d Huffman coding				
	5. To	o understand the necessary mathematical abstraction to solv	e prob	lems.		
				1		
	ist of Ex	xperiments				
11	Expt.	Description of the Experiments				
					1	
	1.	Implementation of randomized quicksort algorithm				
_	2.	Implementation of hash functions and associated algo	orithms			
111	3.	Implementation of operations on splay trees				
	4.	Implementation of operations on Fibonacci heaps				
	5.	Implementation of operations on binary heaps				
	6.	Implementation on operations on B-Trees				
	7.	Implementation of operations on partition ADT and un structures	nion-fir	nd data	a	
	8.	Graph Traversals				
	9.	Shortest Path Algorithms (Dijkstra's algorithm, Bellma	in Ford	d Algo	rithm	1)
	10.	Implementation of Matrix Chain Multiplication				
		Total Instruct	ional	hours	: 45	

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

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CO1:Design data structures and algorithms to solve computing problems.

CO2:Choose and implement efficient data structures and apply them to solve problems.

CO3: Design algorithms using graph structure and various string-matching algorithms to solve real-life problems.

CO4: Design one's own algorithm for an unknown problem.

CO5: Apply suitable design strategy for problem solving.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/P(PS(0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO 3 (K5)	PO 4 (K5)	PO 5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO 7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K3	2	1	3	2	2	COIT	пва	ТОК	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	K2	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	K3	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	1	1	1	3	2	2	3
CO4	K3	2	2	1	2	2	-	-	1	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO5	K3	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	3	3	1
Weigh Avera	ited ge	2	3	2	2	2	2	-		2	2	2	2	2	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

List of Equipment Required:

Requirements for a Batch of 25 Students

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SI. No.	Description of the Equipment	Quantity required (Nos.)
1.	 64-bit Open source Linux or its derivative Open Source C/C++ Programming tool like G++/GC 	25



Jan 31
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	Semester - II													
M.E		L	Т	Ρ	С									
	M23CS1204-INTERNET OF THINGS	3	1	0	4									
Course	Objectives:	1			<u> </u>									
1 To I	. To Understand the Architectural Overview of IoT.													
2 Tol	2. To Understand the IoT Reference Architecture and Real World Design Constraints													
 To Understand the for Reference Architecture and Real World Design Constraints To Understand the various IoT levels. 														
 To Understand the various loT levels. To understand the basics of cloud architecture 														
 To understand the basics of cloud architecture. To gain experience in Raspherry PL and experiment simple IoT application on it 														
5. To gain experience in Raspberry PI and experiment simple IoT application on it.														
				K										
Inte	rnet of Things- Domain Specific IoTs - IoT and M	//2M-Se	nsors	for Ic	т									
App	lications-Structure of IoT-IoT Map Device													
	INT ARCHITECTURE GENERATIONS			12										
IETF are	hit <mark>ecture for IoT - I</mark> oT reference architecture -Firs	st Gene	eration	– De	escription									
&Charac	eri <mark>stics-Advanced Generation - Description &</mark> C	characte	eristics-	-Integ	rated IoT									
Sensors	COMBATORE													
	INT PROTOCOLS AND TECHNOLOGY			12										
SCADA	and RFID Protocols - BACnet Protocol -Zigbee Archi	tecture	- 6Lov	PAN	- CoAP-									
Wireless	Sensor <mark>Structure–Energy</mark> Storag <mark>e Module–</mark> Power	Mana	igemer	nt Mo	dule-RF									
Module-	SensingModule													
	CLOUD ARCHITECTURE RASICS			12										
	CLOUD ARONITECTORE BASICS			12										
The Clou	d types; IaaS, PaaS, SaaS Development environme	ents for	service	e deve	lopment									
Amazon,	Azure, Google Appcloud platform in industry													
UNIT V	IOT WITH RASPBERRY PI			12	2									



R2023

Building IOT with RASPBERRY PI- Creating the sensor project - Preparing Raspberry Pi – Clayster libraries – Hardware Interacting with the hardware - Interfacing the hardware-Internal representation of sensor values - External representation of sensor values.

Total Instructional hours: 60

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Demonstrate the various concept of the IoT and their technologies

CO2: Develop the IoT application using different hardware platforms

CO3: Choose various IoT Protocols

CO4: Outline the basic principles of cloud computing

CO5: Develop and deploy the IoT application into cloud environment

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

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CO/PO & PSO		PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
C01	K2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	К3	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	К3	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO4	K2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	К3	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Weigh Avera	nted ge	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2

Approved by BoS Chairman

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Reference Books:

- Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, Internet of Things: A hands-on approach, Universities Press, 2015
- 2. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Florian Michahelles (Eds), Architecting the Internet of Things, Springer, 2011
- 3. Peter Waher, 'Learning Internet of Things', Packet Publishing, 2015
- 4. Ovidiu Vermesan Peter Friess, 'Internet of Things From Research and Innovation to Market Deployment', River Publishers, 2014
- 5. 5. N. Ida, Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces: A Multidisciplinary Introduction, 2nd EditionScitech Publishers, 2014
- 6. 6. Reese, G. (2009). Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud. Sebastopol, CA: O'Reilly Media, Inc. (2009)



M.E	M19CST202 MULTICORE ARCHITECTURE AND	L	Т	Ρ	С
	PROGRAMMING	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the need for multi-core processors, and their architecture.
- 2. To understand the challenges in parallel and multithreaded programming.
- 3. To learn about the various parallel programming paradigms,
- 4. To learn distributed memory and MPI concepts
- 5. To develop multicore programs and design parallel solutions.

UNIT I MULTI-CORE PROCESSORS

Single core to Multi-core architectures – SIMD and MIMD systems – Interconnection networks –Symmetric and Distributed Shared Memory Architectures – Cache coherence – PerformanceIssues – Parallel program design.

UNIT II PARALLEL PROGRAM CHALLENGES 12

Performance – Scalability – Synchronization and data sharing – Data races – Synchronization primitives (mutexes, locks, semaphores, barriers) – deadlocks and livelocks – communicationbetween threads .

UNIT III SHARED MEMORY PROGRAMMING WITH OpenMP

OpenMP Execution Model – Memory Model – OpenMP Directives – Work-sharing Constructs –Library functions – Handling Data and Functional Parallelism – Handling Loops – PerformanceConsiderations.

UNIT IV DISTRIBUTED MEMORY PROGRAMMING WITH MPI

12

12

12

MPI program execution – MPI constructs – libraries – MPI send and receive – Point-to-point andCollective communication – MPI derived datatypes – Performance evaluation

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UNIT V PARALLEL PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

12

Case studies – n-Body solvers – Tree Search – OpenMP and MPI implementations and comparison.

Total Instructional hours: 60

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Outline multicore architectures and identify their characteristics and challenges.

CO2: Identify the issues in programming Parallel Processors.

CO3: Develop programs using Open MP and MPI

CO4: Experiment with parallel programming solutions to common problems.

CO5: Compare and contrast programming for serial and for parallel processors.

CO Mappin<mark>g with PO & PSO</mark>

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (<mark>A3)</mark>	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	2	2
CO2	К3	3	2	2	2	2	-		-	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	К3	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	К3	3	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	K2	3	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	3	3	2
Weigh Avera	nted ge	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2

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Approved by BoS Chairman

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Reference Books:

- 1. Peter S. Pacheco, "An Introduction to Parallel Programming, Morgan-Kauffman/Elsevier,2021.
- Darryl Gove, "Multicore Application Programming for Windows, Linux, and Oracle Solaris, Pearson, 2011 (unit 2)
- 3. Michael J Quinn, "Parallel programming in C with MPI and OpenMP, Tata McGraw Hill,2003.
- 4. Victor Alessandrini, Shared Memory Application Programming, 1st Edition, Concepts and Strategies in Multicore Application Programming, Morgan Kaufmann, 2015.
- 5. Yan Solihin, Fundamentals of Parallel Multicore Architecture, CRC Press, 2015.



12

M.E	M23CST203 - MACHINE LEARNING	L	Т	Р	С
		3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the concepts and mathematical foundations of machine learning and types of problems tackled by machine learning
- 2. To explore the different supervised learning techniques including ensemble methods
- 3. To learn different aspects of unsupervised learning and reinforcement learning
- 4. To learn the role of probabilistic methods for machine learning
- 5. To understand the basic concepts of neural networks and deep learning

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS

What is Machine Learning? Need –History – Definitions – Applications - Advantages, Disadvantages; Challenges -Types of Machine Learning Problems – Mathematical Foundations - Linear Algebra- Analytical Geometry -Probability and Statistics- Bayesian Conditional Probability -Vector Calculus Optimization - Decision Theory - Information theory

UNIT II SUPERVISED LEARNING TORE 12

Introduction-Discriminative and Generative Models -Linear Regression - Least Squares -Under-fitting/ Over fitting -Cross-Validation – Lasso Regression- Classification - Logistic Regression- Gradient Linear Models -Support Vector Machines –Kernel Methods -Instance based Methods - K-Nearest Neighbors - Tree based Methods –Decision Trees –ID3 – CART - Ensemble Methods –Random Forest - Evaluation of Classification Algorithms

UNIT III UNSUPERVISED LEARNING AND REINFORCEMENT LEARNING 12

Introduction - Clustering Algorithms -K – Means – Hierarchical Clustering - Cluster Validity -

Dimensionality Reduction – Principal Component Analysis – Recommendation Systems – EM algorithm. Reinforcement Learning – Elements - Model based Learning – Temporal Difference Learning

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UNIT IV PROBABILISTIC METHODS FOR LEARNING

Introduction -Naïve Bayes Algorithm -Maximum Likelihood -Maximum Apriori -Bayesian Belief Networks -Probabilistic Modelling of Problems -Inference in Bayesian Belief Networks – Probability Density Estimation - Sequence Models – Markov Models – Hidden Markov Models.

UNIT V NEURAL NETWORKS AND DEEP LEARNING

Neural Networks – Biological Motivation- Perceptron – Multi-layer Perceptron – Feed Forward Network – Back Propagation-Activation and Loss Functions- Limitations of Machine Learning – Deep Learning– Convolution Neural Networks – Recurrent Neural Networks – Use cases

Total Instructional hours: 60

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Outline problems for each type of machine learning

CO2: Illustrate Decision tree and Random forest for an application

CO3: Experiment Probabilistic Discriminative and Generative algorithms

CO4: Make Use of a tool to implement typical Clustering algorithms

CO5: Organize a HMM for a Sequence Model type of applications and suitable for different types of Machine Learning

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

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CO/P(PS(0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	3	2	2			NI	2	2	3	3	2	2
CO2	K2	3	2	2	2	2	-			2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	K3	2	2	2	2	2		-	-	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	K3	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	K3	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	3	3	2
Weighted Average		3	2	2	2	2	-	-	•	2	2	2	2	2	2

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Reference Books:

COIMBATORE

- 1.Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective", Chapman /CRC, 2nd Edition, 2014.
- 2. Kevin Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", MIT Press, 2012
- 3. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", Third Edition, Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning Series, MIT Press, 2014
- 4. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
- 5. Peter Flach, "Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data", First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.

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M.E	M23CST201-ADVANCED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING	L	Т	Ρ	С
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the rationale for software development process models
- 2. To understand why the architectural design of software is important;
- 3. To understand the five important dimensions of dependability, namely, availability, reliability, safety, security, and resilience.
- 4. To understand the basic notions of a web service, web service standards, and serviceoriented architecture.
- 5. To understand the different stages of testing from testing during development of a software system.

UNIT I SOFTWARE PROCESS & MODELING

Prescriptive Process Models – Agility and Process – Scrum – XP – Kanban – DevOps – Prototype Construction – Prototype Evaluation – Prototype Evolution – Modelling – Principles – Requirements Engineering – Scenario-based Modelling – Class-based Modelling – Functional Modelling – Behavioural Modelling.

UNIT II SOFTWARE DESIGN

Design Concepts – Design Model – Software Architecture – Architectural Styles – Architectural Design – Component-Level Design – User Experience Design – Design for Mobility – Pattern- Based Design.

UNIT III SYSTEM DEPENDABILITY AND SECURITY

Dependable Systems – Dependability Properties – Sociotechnical Systems – Redundancy and Diversity – Dependable Processes – Formal Methods and Dependability – Reliability Engineering – Availability and Reliability – Reliability Requirements – Fault-tolerant Architectures – Programming for Reliability – Reliability Measurement – Safety Engineering – Safety-critical Systems – Safety Requirements – Safety Engineering Processes – Safety

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Cases – Security Engineering – Security and Dependability – Safety and Organizations – Security Requirements – Secure System Design – Security Testing and Assurance .

UNIT IV SERVICE-ORIENTED, SYSTEMS ENGINEERING AND REAL-TIME SOFTWARE ENGINEERING 9

Service-oriented Architecture – RESTful Services – Service Engineering – Service Composition – Systems Engineering – Sociotechnical Systems – Conceptual Design – System Procurement – System Development – System Operation and Evolution – Real-time Software Engineering – Embedded System Design – Architectural Patterns for Real-time Software – Timing Analysis – Real-time Operating Systems.

UNIT V SOFTWARE TESTING AND SOFTWARE CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT 9

Software Testing Strategy – Unit Testing – Integration Testing – Validation Testing – System Testing – Debugging – White-Box Testing – Basis Path Testing – Control Structure Testing – Black- Box Testing – Software Configuration Management (SCM) – SCM Repository – SCM Process – Configuration Management for Web and Mobile Apps.

COIMBATORE Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Identify appropriate process models based on the Project requirements

CO2: Outline the importance of having a good Software Architecture.

CO3: Demonstrate the five important dimensions of dependability, Namely, availability, reliability, safety, security, and resilience.

CO4. Infer the basic notions of a web service, web service Standards, and service- oriented architecture;

CO5: Experiment with various levels of Software testing

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

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CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	3	2	2		5	NI	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	K2	3	2	2	2	2	-			2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	K2	2	2	2	2	2		-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	K2	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	K3	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Weigh Avera	ited ge	3	2	2	2	2	-	_	-	2	2	2	2	2	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

- 1. Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach, 9 th Edition. Roger Pressman and Bruce Maxim, McGraw-Hill 2019.
- 2. Software Engineering, 10 th Edition, Ian Somerville, Pearson Education Asia 2016.
- 3. Software Architecture In Practice, 3 rd Edition, Len Bass, Paul Clements and Rick Kazman, Pearson India 2018.
- 4. An integrated approach to Software Engineering, 3 rd Edition, Pankaj Jalote, Narosa Publishing House, 2018.
- 5. Fundamentals of Software Engineering, 5 th Edition, Rajib Mall, PHI Learning Private Ltd, 2018

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ме		L	Т	Р	С
	M23CSE201- HOMAN COMPUTER INTERACTION	3	0	0	3

- 1. To learn the foundations of Human Computer Interaction
- 2. Understanding Interaction Styles and to become familiar with the design technologies for all.
- 3. To understand the process of Evaluation of Interaction Design.
- 4. To clarify the significance of task analysis for ubiquitous computing
- 5. To get insight on web and mobile interaction.

UNIT I FOUNDATIONS OF HCI

Context of Interaction –Human memory - Designing Interactive systems – Understanding Userscognition and cognitive frameworks, User Centered approaches Usability, Universal Usability, Guidelines, Principles and Theories. Importance of User Interface: Definition-Importance of good design-Benefits of good design-Human-centered development and Evaluation-Human Performance models-Device for virtual reality and 3D interaction.

UNIT II INTERACTION STYLES

GUI: Popularity of graphics - The concept of direct manipulation - Graphical system - Characteristics -Interface Popularity - Characteristics and Principles of User Interface. Understanding interaction styles, Elements of WIMP interface, Fluid navigation, Expressive Human and Command Languages, Communication and Collaboration Advancing the user experience, Timely user Experience, Information search, Data Visualization Design process: Human Interaction with computers - Importance of Human Characteristics - Human Consideration -Human Interaction Speeds and Understanding Business Junctions.

UNIT III EVALUATION OF INTERACTION

Evaluation Techniques- assessing user experience- usability testing –HCI in the software process, analytics predictive models. Cognitive models, Socio-organizational issues and stakeholder requirements, Communication and collaboration models

UNIT IV MODELS AND THEORIES

Task analysis, dialog notations and design, Models of the system, Modeling rich interaction, Ubiquitous computing, and Textual dialog notations.

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UNIT V WEB AND MOBILE INTERACTION

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Hypertext, Multimedia and WWW, Designing for the web Direct Selection, control flow, Contextual Tools, Overlays, Inlays and Virtual Pages, Process Flow. Use, shared application and artifacts, Mobile navigation, content and control idioms, Multi-touch gestures, Inter- app integration, Mobile web.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Show the basics of human computer interactions via usability engineering and cognitive modeling.

CO2: Identify the basic design paradigms, complex interaction styles.

CO3. Compare the models and theories for user interaction

CO4: Examine the evaluation of interaction designs and implementations.

CO5: Classify the above issues for web and mobile applications.

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO 2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	2	3	2	<	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	K3	2	2	3	2	2	-			1		2	2	2	1
CO3	K2	2	2	3	2	2	<u>-</u> OII	MBAIC	KE	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO4	K4	3	3	3	2	3	-	-		1		1	2	2	1
CO5	K2	3	3	3	2	3		-		1	1	2	2	2	1
Weigl Aver	nted age	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	1
Aton	ugo														

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

3- Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

- Ben Shneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, Maxine Cohen, Steven Jacobs, Niklas Elmqvist, Designing the User Interface: Strategies for Effective Human-Computer Interaction, 6th Ed, Pearson Education, 2016.
- 2. Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, G D Abowd and Russel Beale, Human Computer Interaction, Pearson Education, Third Edition, 2004.
- 3. Helen Sharp, Jennifer Preece, Yvonne Rogers, Interaction Design: Beyond Human-Computer Interaction", Wiley, 5th Edition, 2019.
- 4. Alan Cooper, Robert Reimann, David Cronin, Christopher Noessel, "About Face: The Essentials of Interaction Design", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2014.
- 5. Donald A. Norman, Design of Everyday Things, MIT Press, 2013.



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COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To gain expertise in Virtualization, Virtual Machines and deploy practical virtualization solution
- 2. To understand the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
- 3. To explore the roster of AWS services and illustrate the way to make applications in AWS
- 4. To gain knowledge in the working of Windows Azure and Storage services offered by Windows Azure
- 5. To develop the cloud application using various programming model of Hadoop and Aneka

UNIT I VIRTUALIZATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Basics of Virtual Machines - Process Virtual Machines - System Virtual Machines - Emulation -Interpretation – Services and applications. Virtualization – Management Virtualization - Hardware Maximization – Architectures – Virtualization Management – Storage Virtualization – Network Virtualization - Implementation levels of virtualization - virtualization structure - virtualization of CPU. Memory and I/O devices – Resource Management – Virtualization for data center automation

UNIT II CLOUD PLATFORM ARCHITECTURE

Cloud Computing: Definition, Characteristics - Cloud deployment models: public, private, hybrid, community – Categories of cloud computing: Everything as a service: Infrastructure, platform, software-A Generic Cloud Architecture Design – Lavered cloud Architectural Development – Architectural Design Challenges, Understanding Hypervisors.

UNIT III AWS CLOUD PLATFORM - IAAS

Amazon Web Services: AWS Infrastructure- AWS API- AWS Management Console - Setting up AWS Storage - Stretching out with Elastic Compute Cloud - Elastic Container Service for Kubernetes- AWS Developer Tools: AWS Code Commit, AWS Code Build, AWS Code Deploy, AWS Code Pipeline, AWS code Star - AWS Management Tools: Cloud Watch, AWS Auto Scaling, AWS control Tower, Cloud Formation, Cloud Trail, AWS License Manager

UNIT IV PAAS CLOUD PLATFORM

Windows Azure: Origin of Windows Azure, Features, The Fabric Controller - First Cloud APP in Windows Azure- Service Model and Managing Services: Definition and Configuration, Service runtime API- Windows Azure Developer Portal- Service Management API- Windows Azure Storage Characteristics-Storage Services- REST API- Blops



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UNIT V PROGRAMMING MODEL

Introduction to Hadoop Framework - Mapreduce, Input splitting, map and reduce functions, specifying input and output parameters, configuring and running a job –Developing Map Reduce Applications - Design of Hadoop file system –Setting up Hadoop Cluster- Aneka: Cloud Application Platform, Thread Programming, Task Programming and Map-Reduce Programming in Aneka

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

- CO1: Explain the concepts of virtualization in the cloud computing
- CO2: Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing
- CO3: Develop the Cloud Application in AWS platform
- CO4: Apply the concepts of Windows Azure to design Cloud Application

C05: Develop services using various Cloud computing programming models.

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	2	2	2	I	1	-	1	-	1-	2	2	2
CO2	K3	3	2	2	2	2		1	-	1		-	2	3	2
CO3	K3	3	3	2	3	3		1	-	1		-	2	3	2
CO4	K3	3	3	2	3	3	CO	MBATC	RE	1			2	3	2
CO5	K3	3	3	2	3	3	-	1	-	1			2	3	2
Weigh Avera	nted ge	3	3	2	3	3	-	1	-	1) <u>-</u> C	-	2	3	2

CO Mapping with PO & PSO:

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

REFERENCES

- 1. Bernard Golden, Amazon Web Service for Dummies, John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
- 2. Raoul Alongi, AWS: The Most Complete Guide to Amazon Web Service from Beginner to Advanced Level, Amazon Asia- Pacific Holdings Private Limited, 2019.
- 3. Sriram Krishnan, Programming: Windows Azure, O'Reilly,2010.
- Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vacchiola, S.Thamarai Selvi, Mastering Cloud Computing, MCGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2013.
- 5. John W.Rittinghouse and James F.Ransome, "Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management, and Security", CRC Press, 2010
- 6. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", Yahoo Press, 2012.



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COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To apply fundamental algorithms to process data.
- 2. Learn to apply hypotheses and data into actionable predictions.
- 3. Document and transfer the results and display findings using visualization techniques.
- 4. To learn statistical methods and machine learning algorithms required for Data Science.
- 5. To develop the fundamental knowledge and understand concepts to become a data science

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE

Data Science: Benefits and uses – facets of data – Data Science Process: Overview – Defining research goals – Retrieving data – Data preparation – Exploratory Data analysis – build the model– presenting findings and building applications – cleaning and sampling for modeling and validation – introduction to No SQL.

UNIT II MODELING METHODS

Choosing and evaluating models – mapping problems to machine learning, evaluating clustering models, validating models – cluster analysis – K-means algorithm, Naïve Bayes – Memorization Methods – Linear and logistic regression – unsupervised methods.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO R COMBATORE

Reading and getting data into R – ordered and unordered factors – arrays and matrices – lists and data frames – reading data from files – probability distributions – statistical models in R - manipulating objects – data distribution, Loops and functions in R.

UNIT IV MAP REDUCE

Introduction – distributed file system – algorithms using map reduce, Matrix-Vector Multiplication by Map Reduce – Hadoop - Understanding the Map Reduce architecture - Writing Hadoop Map Reduce Programs - Loading data into HDFS - Executing the Map phase - Shuffling and sorting - Reducing phase execution.

UNIT V DATA VISUALIZATION

Documentation and deployment – producing effective presentations – Introduction to graphical analysis – plot() function – displaying multivariate data – matrix plots – multiple plots in one Window - exporting graph using graphics parameters - Importing Matplotlib – Line plots – Scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

Approved by BoS Chairman

CO1: Illustrate the process of collect, clean/process and transform data.

CO2: Interpret data using an ethically responsible approach after analysis.

CO3: Make use of appropriate models to analyze, assess input before deriving insight from results, and investigate potential issues.

CO4: Apply computing theory, languages and algorithms, as well as mathematical and Statistical models, and optimization for data analysis.

CO5: Construct and use appropriate models of data analysis to solve business-related challenges.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	3	2	2		-		1	-	-	2	2	2
CO2	K2	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	3
CO3	K3	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	2		-	2	3	3
CO4	K3	2	2	2	Ţ	3	1	1	-	2	-	-	2	3	2
CO5	K3	3	2	2	1	2	1	1		1		-	2	2	2
Weigh Avera	nted ge	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	- (-	2	3	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

- 1. Nina Zumel, John Mount, "Practical Data Science with R", Manning Publications, 2014.
- 2. Mark Gardener, "Beginning R The Statistical Programming Language", John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2012.
- 3. W. N. Venables, D. M. Smith and the R Core Team, "An Introduction to R", 2013.
- 4. Tony Ojeda, Sean Patrick Murphy, Benjamin Bengfort, Abhijit Dasgupta, "Practical Data Science Cookbook", Packt Publishing Ltd., 2014.
- 5. Nathan Yau, "Visualize This: The FlowingData Guide to Design, Visualization, and Statistics", Wiley, 2011.



- 1. To understand the basic concepts in cellular communication.
- 2. To learn the characteristics of wireless channels.
- 3. To understand the impact of digital modulation techniques in fading.
- 4. To get exposed to diversity techniques in wireless communication.
- 5. To acquire knowledge in multicarrier systems

UNIT I CELLULAR CONCEPTS

Multiple Access techniques — FDMA, TDMA, CDMA — Capacity calculations–Cellular concept- Co-Channel Interference- Adjacent Channel Interference – Trucking and Grade of service – Improving coverage & capacity in cellular systems-Cell Splitting- Sectoring- truncking & grade of service — Coverage and capacity improvement.

UNIT II THE WIRELESS CHANNEL

Overview of wireless systems – Physical modeling for wireless channels Large scale path loss -Path loss models: Free Space and Two-Ray models -Link Budget design -Small scale fading-Parameters of mobile multipath channels - Time dispersion parameters-Coherence bandwidth -Doppler spread & Coherence time, fading due to Multipath time delay spread -flat fading - frequency selective fading -Fading due to Doppler spread - fast fading -slow fading.

UNIT III DIGITAL MODULATION OVER WIRELESS CHANNELS

Performance of flat fading and frequency selective fading – Structure of a wireless communication link, Principles of Offset-QPSK, p/4-DQPSK,--- Outage Probability– Average Probability of Error – Combined Outage and Average Error Probability – Doppler Spread – Inter symbol Interference.

UNIT IV DIVERSITY TECHNIQUES

Realization of Independent Fading Paths – Receiver Diversity – Selection Combining – Threshold Combing – Maximal-Ratio Combining – Equal - Gain Combining – Capacity with Receiver diversity – Transmitter Diversity – Channel known at Transmitter – Channel unknown at Transmitter – The Alamouti Scheme– Transmit & Receive Diversity-MIMO Systems.

UNIT V MULTICARRIER MODULATION

Data Transmission using Multiple Carriers – Multicarrier Modulation with Overlapping Sub channels – Mitigation of Subcarrier Fading – Discrete Implementation of Multicarrier Modulation – Peak to average Power Ratio- Frequency and Timing offset.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:



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- 1: Survey on various features of cellular networks
- 2: Study the nature of cellular networks
- 3: A comparative study on the performance of different digital modulation techniques
- 4: Perform a review of various diversity techniques in wireless communication
- 5: Presentation on design of multicarrier systems for 5G

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: Build solutions for cellular communication

CO2: Demonstrate the capacity of wireless channels

CO3: Experiment the performance of the digital modulation techniques in fading channels

CO4: Apply various diversity techniques in wireless communication

CO5: Make use of multicarrier systems in wireless communication

Total Instructional hours: 45

CO/PO PSO	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K3	3	3	2	2	2	1	-		•		-	1	2	1
CO2	K2	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	1	Ţ	-	-	1	2	1
CO3	K3	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-		- /-	2	2	1
CO4	K3	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	/ -	2	2	2
CO5	K3	3	2	2	2	2	V	-	-	-	- /	-	2	2	2
Weigh Avera	nted age	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

- Theodore.S. Rappaport, "Wireless Communications: Principles and Practice", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2010.
- 2. Saad Z. Asif, "5G Mobile Communications Concepts and Technologies" CRC press 2019.
- Keith Q. T. Zhang, "Wireless Communications: Principles, Theory and Methodology" 1st edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2016.
- 4. Ramjee Prasad, "OFDM for Wireless Communication Systems", Artech House, 2004.

Approved by BoS Chairman

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Course Objectives:

- 1. To learn the fundamental principles and practices associated with agile development methods
- 2. To apply the principles and practices of agile software development on a relevant project.
- 3. To provide a good understanding of software design and a set of software technologies and APIs.
- 4. To do a detailed examination and demonstration of agile development and testing techniques.
- 5. To understand agile development and testing.

UNIT I AGILE SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Basics and Fundamentals of Agile Process Methods, Values of Agile, Principles of Agile, stake holders, Challenges Theories for Agile Management – Agile Software Development – Traditional Model vs. Agile Model - Classification of Agile Methods – Agile Manifesto and Principles – Agile Project Management – Agile Team Interactions – Ethics in Agile Teams - Agility in Design, Testing – Agile Documentations – Agile Drivers, Capabilities and Values, differences between Agile plans at different lifecycle phases.

UNIT II AGILE AND SCRUM PRINCIPLES

Agile Manifesto, Crystal, Feature Driven Development- Adaptive Software Development - Extreme Programming: Method Overview – Lifecycle – Work Products, Roles and Practices. Twelve Practices of XP, Scrum Practices, Applying Scrum. Need of scrum, working of scrum, advanced Scrum Applications, Scrum and the Organization, scrum values

UNIT III AGILE PRODUCT MANAGEMENT

Communication, Planning, Estimation Managing the Agile approach Monitoring progress, Targeting and motivating the team, Managing business involvement, Escalating issue. Quality, Risk, Metrics and Measurements, Managing the Agile approach Monitoring progress, Targeting and motivating the team, Managing business involvement and Escalating issue

UNIT IV AGILE REQUIREMENTS AND AGILE TESTING

User Stories, Backlog Management. Agile Architecture: Feature Driven Development. Agile Risk Management: Risk and Quality Assurance, Agile Tools. Agile Testing Techniques, Test-Driven Development, User Acceptance Test

UNIT V AGILE REVIEW AND SCALING AGILE FOR LARGE PROJECTS 9

Approved by BoS Chairman

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Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Model existing problems with the team, development process and wider organization

CO2: Apply a thorough understanding of Agile principles and specific practices

CO3: Select the most appropriate way to improve results for a specific circumstance or need

CO4: Construct appropriate adaptations to existing practices or processes depending upon analysis of typical problems

CO5: Identify likely successes and formulate plans to manage likely risks or problems

PSO1 PSO2 **PO6 P07 PO8** PO11 CO/PO & PO4 P01 **PO2** PO3 PO5 PO10 **PO9 PO12** (K4) (K3) (K3) (K2) (K3) (K3) PSO (K3) (K4) (K5) (K5) (K6) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) 2 CO1 2 1 2 2 **K**3 3 1 1 1 2 1 ---CO2 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 K3 2 1 3 --2 2 1 2 CO3 **K**3 1 1 --1 1 1 2 2 CO4 K3 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 _ _ CO5 K3 3 2 1 1 2 Яŀ Ð 1 1 2 2 3 1 -Weighted 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 Average

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Total Instructional hours: 45

Reference Books:

- 1. Robert C. Martin ,Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns, and Practices Alan Apt Series (2011)
- 2. Succeeding with Agile : Software Development Using Scrum, Pearson (2010)
- 3. David J. Anderson and Eli Schragenheim, "Agile Management for Software Engineering: Applying the Theory of Constraints for Business Results, Prentice Hall, 2003.
- 4. Hazza and Dubinsky, "Agile Software Engineering, Series: Undergraduate Topics in Computer Science, Springer, 2009.
- 5. Craig Larman, "Agile and Iterative Development: A Managers Guide, Addison-Wesley, 2004.
- 6. Kevin C. Desouza, "Agile Information Systems: Conceptualization, Construction, and Management, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007.



CO Mapping with PO & PSO

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand the mathematical foundations of performance evaluation of computer systems
- 2. To understand the metrics used for performance evaluation
- 3. To understand the analytical modeling of computer systems
- 4. To enable the students to develop new queuing analysis for both simple and complex systems
- 5. To use smart scheduling to analytical techniques for evaluating scheduling policies.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Need for Performance Evaluation in Computer Systems – Overview of Performance Evaluation Methods – Introduction to Queuing – Probability Review – Generating Random Variables for Simulation – Sample Paths, Convergence and Averages – Little's Law and other Operational Laws Modification for Closed Systems.

UNIT II MARKOV CHAINS AND SIMPLE QUEUES

Discrete-Time Markov Chains – Ergodicity Theory – Real World Examples – Google, Aloha – Transition to Continuous-Time Markov Chain – M/M/1.

UNIT III MULTI-SERVER AND MULTI-QUEUE SYSTEMS

Server Farms: M/M/k and M/M/k/k – Capacity Provisioning for Server Farms – Time Reversibility and Burke's Theorem – Networks of Queues and Jackson Product Form – Classed and Closed Networks of Queues.

UNIT IV REAL-WORLD WORKLOADS

Case Study of Real-world Workloads – Phase-Type Distributions and Matrix-Alalytic Methods – Networks with Time-Sharing Servers – M/G/1 Queue and the Inspection Paradox – Task Assignment Policies for Server Farms.

UNIT V SMART SCHEDULING IN THE M/G/1

Performance Metrics – Scheduling Non-Preemptive and Preemptive Non-Size-Based Policies - . Scheduling Non-Preemptive and Preemptive Size-Based Policies – Scheduling - SRPT and Fairness.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Approved by BoS Chairman

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Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Identify the need for performance evaluation and the metrics used for it

CO2: Distinguish between open and closed queuing networks

CO3: Apply Little'e law and other operational laws to open and closed systems

CO4: Make use of discrete-time and continuous-time Markov chains to model real world systems

CO5: Develop analytical techniques for evaluating scheduling policies

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/PO PSO	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	Κ	2	1	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	Κ	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	Κ	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	3	2	2	3
CO4	Κ	2	2	V	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO5	Κ	2	2	2	, 1	2	-			3	2	2	3	3	1
Weigh Avera	nted ge	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

- 1. K. S. Trivedi, "Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queueing and Computer Science ApplicationsII, John Wiley and Sons, 2001.
- 2. Krishna Kant, "Introduction to Computer System Performance EvaluationII, McGraw-Hill, 1992.
- 3. Lieven Eeckhout, "Computer Architecture Performance Evaluation Methodsl, Morgan and Claypool Publishers, 2010.
- Mor Harchol Balter, "Performance Modeling and Design of Computer Systems Queueing Theory in Action, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
- 5. Paul J. Fortier and Howard E. Michel, "Computer Systems Performance Evaluation and Prediction, Elsevier, 2003.
- 6. Raj Jain, "The Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis: Techniques for Experimental Design, Measurement, Simulation and Modelingll, Wiley-Interscience, 1991.
- Raj Jain, Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis: Techniques For Experimental Design Measurements Simulation and Modeling,2nd edition, wiley, 2015



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- 1 To get a comprehensive knowledge of the architecture of distributed systems.
- 2 To understand the deadlock and shared memory issues and their solutions in distributed environments.
- 3 To know the security issues and protection mechanisms for distributed environments.
- 4 To get a knowledge of multiprocessor operating systems and database operating systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Architectures of Distributed Systems - System Architecture types - issues in distributed operating systems - communication networks – communication primitives. Theoretical Foundations - inherent limitations of a distributed system – lamport's logical clocks – vector clocks – causal ordering of messages – global state – cuts of a distributed computation – termination detection. Distributed Mutual Exclusion – introduction – the classification of mutual exclusion and associated algorithms – a comparative performance analysis.

UNIT II DISTRIBUTED DEADLOCK DETECTION AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Distributed Deadlock Detection -Introduction - deadlock handling strategies in distributed systems Issues in deadlock detection and resolution – control organizations for distributed deadlock detection Centralized and distributed deadlock detection algorithms –hierarchical deadlock detection algorithms. Agreement protocols – introduction-the system model, a classification of agreement problems, Solutions to the Byzantine agreement problem, applications of agreement algorithms. Distributed resource management: introduction-architecture – mechanism for building distributed File systems – design issues – log structured file systems.

UNIT III DISTRIBUTED SHARED MEMORY AND SCHEDULING

Distributed shared memory-Architecture– algorithms for implementing DSM – memory coherence and protocols – design issues. Distributed Scheduling – introduction – issues in load distributing – components of a load distributing algorithm – stability – load distributing algorithms – performance comparison – selecting a suitable load sharing algorithm – requirements for load distributing -task migration and associated issues. Failure Recovery and Fault tolerance: introduction– basic concepts – classification of failures – backward and forward error recovery, backward error recovery- recovery in concurrent systems – consistent set of checkpoints – synchronous and asynchronous check pointing and recovery – check pointing for distributed database systems- recovery in replicated distributed databases.

UNIT IV DATA SECURITY

Protection and security -preliminaries, the access matrix model and its implementations.-safety in matrix model- advanced models of protection. Data security – cryptography: Model of cryptography,



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conventional cryptography- modern cryptography, private key cryptography, data encryption standardpublic key cryptography – multiple encryption – authentication in distributed systems.

UNIT-V MULTIPROCESSOR AND DATABASE OPERATING SYSTEM

Multiprocessor operating systems - basic multiprocessor system architectures – interconnection networks for multiprocessor systems – caching – hypercube architecture. Multiprocessor Operating System - structures of multiprocessor operating system, operating system design issues- threads-process synchronization and scheduling. Database Operating systems: Introduction- requirements of a database operating system Concurrency control : theoretical aspects – introduction, database systems – a concurrency control model of database systems- the problem of concurrency control – serializability theory- distributed database systems, concurrency control algorithms – introduction, basic synchronization primitives, lock based algorithms-timestamp based algorithms, optimistic algorithms – concurrency control algorithms: data replication.

Total Instructional hours: 45

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Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

- CO1: Explain the working of Theoretical Foundations of OS.
- CO2: Illustrate the working principles of Distributed Deadlock Detection and resource management
- CO3: Outline the concepts of distributed shared memory and scheduling mechanisms
- **CO4:** Construct and analyze the working of Data security
- CO5: Apply the learning into multiprocessor system architectures.

CO/P	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	2	2	3	2	2	-	-		2	2	2	3	3	2
CO2	K2	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	K2	3	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	3	2	2	3
CO4	K3	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO5	K3	3	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	3	3	1
Weigh Avera	ited ge	3	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	3	2

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

- 1. Mukesh Singhal, Niranjan G.Shivaratri, "Advanced concepts in operating systems: Distributed, Database and multiprocessor operating systems", TMH, 2001
- 2. Andrew S.Tanenbaum, "Modern operating system", PHI, 2003
- 3. Pradeep K.Sinha, "Distributed operating system-Concepts and design", PHI, 2003.



		L	Т	Р	С
IVI.C	M23C3E206- DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING	3	0	0	3

- 1 To study fundamental concepts of digital image processing.
- 2 To understand and learn image processing operations and restoration.
- 3 To use the concepts of Feature Extraction
- 4 To study the concepts of Image Compression.
- 5 To expose students to current trends in the field of image segmentation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

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Examples of fields that use digital image processing, fundamental steps in digital image processing, components of image processing system. Image transformation: A simple image formation model, image sampling and quantization, basic relationships between pixels. Image enhancement in the spatial domain: Basic gray-level transformation, histogram processing, object boundary and shape representations, basic spatial filtering, smoothing, and sharpening spatial filters, combining the spatial enhancement methods.

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion of Mathematical Transforms.
- Numerical problem solving using Fourier Transform.
- Numerical problem solving in Image Enhancement.
- External learning Image Noise and its types.

UNIT II IMAGE RESTORATION

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A model of the image degradation/restoration process, noise models, restoration in the presence of noise–only spatial filtering, Weiner filtering, constrained least squares filtering; Introduction to the Fourier transform and the frequency domain, estimating the degradation function. Color Image Processing: Color fundamentals, pseudo color image processing, basics of full–color image processing, color transforms, smoothing and sharpening, color segmentation

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion on Image Artifacts and Blur.
- Discussion of Role of Wavelet Transforms in Filter and Analysis.
- Numerical problem solving in Wavelet Transforms.



• External learning – Image restoration algorithms.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial Wavelet transforms.
- Assignment problems on order statistics and multi-resolution expansions.
- Quizzes on wavelet transforms.

UNIT III FEATURE EXTRACTION

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Detection of discontinuities – Edge linking and Boundary detection- Thresholding- -Edge based segmentation-Region based Segmentation- matching-Advanced optimal border and surface detection- Use of motion in segmentation. Image Morphology – Boundary descriptors- Regional descriptors, Detecting DoG features and extracting SIFT descriptors.

Suggested Activities:

- External learning Feature selection and reduction.
- External learning Image salient features.
- Assignment on numerical problems in texture computation.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Assignment problems on feature extraction and reduction.
- Quizzes on feature selection and extraction

UNIT IV

IMAGE COMPRESSION TORE

Fundamentals, image compression models, error-free compression, lossy predictive coding, image compression standards Morphological Image Processing: Preliminaries, dilation, erosion, open and closing, hit or miss transformation, basic morphological algorithms, Texture - Patterns and Pattern classes - Recognition based on matching.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on different image coding techniques.
- Practical Demonstration of EXIF format for given camera.
- Practical Implementing effects quantization, color change.
- Case study of Google's WebP image format.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Evaluation of the practical implementations.
- Assignment on image file formats

UNIT V IMAGE SEGMENTATION

Detection of discontinuous, edge linking and boundary detection, thresholding, region– based segmentation. Object Recognition: Patterns and patterns classes, recognition based on decision– theoretic methods, matching, optimum statistical classifiers, Morphological processing- erosion and dilation.

Suggested Activities:

• Flipped classroom on importance of segmentation.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

• Tutorial – Image segmentation and edge detection.9

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

- **CO1:** Apply knowledge of Mathematics for image processing operations
- CO2: Make use of techniques for image restoration.
- CO3: Choose and extract salient features of images.
- **CO4**: Identify appropriate tools (Contemporary) for image compression and analysis.
- CO5: Outline segmentation techniques and do object recognition

P07 PO6 PO8 PO11 PSO1 PSO₂ CO/PO & **PO9** PO10 P01 PO2 PO3 **PO4 PO5 PO12** (K3) (K2) (K4) (K3) (K3) (K3) **PSO** (K3) (K4) (K5) (K5) (K6) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) (A3) CO1 2 2 2 2 2 **K**3 3 2 2 3 3 2 -CO2 **K**3 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 1 ---2 2 2 3 CO3 **K**3 3 2 1 2 1 1 3 ---2 2 CO4 K3 3 2 1 1 2 -2 2 1 2 --CO5 K2 3 2 2 1 2 3 2 2 3 3 1 ---Weighted 3 2 1 2 2 _ 2 2 2 2 3 2 Average

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Reference Books:

- 1. Digital Image Processing, Rafeal C.Gonzalez, Richard E.Woods, Second Edition, Pearson Education/PHI., 2002
- 2. Digital Image Processing, Sridhar S, Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2016



CO Mapping with PO & PSO

- Introduction to Digital Image Processing with Matlab, Alasdair McAndrew, Thomson Course Technology, .Brooks/Cole 2004
- 4. Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, "Image Processing, Analysis and Machine Vision", Second Edition, Thompson Learning, 2007.
- Digital Image Processing using Matlab, Rafeal C.Gonzalez, Richard E.Woods, Steven L. Eddins, Pearson Education.Second Edition, 2017





MF	M23CSE209-HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPLITING FOR BIG DATA	L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3

- 1. To learn the fundamental concepts of High Performance Computing.
- 2. To learn the network & software infrastructure for high performance computing.
- 3. To understand real time analytics using high performance computing.
- 4. To learn the different ways of security perspectives and technologies used in HPC.
- 5. To understand the emerging big data applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

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The Emerging IT Trends- IOT/IOE-Apache Hadoop for big data analytics-Big data into big insights and actions – Emergence of BDA discipline – strategic implications of big data – BDA Challenges – HPC paradigms – Cluster computing – Grid Computing – Cloud computing – Heterogeneous computing – Mainframes for HPC - Supercomputing for BDA – Appliances for BDA.

UNIT II NETWORK & SOFTWARE INFRASTRUCTURE FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE BDA 9

Design of Network Infrastructure for high performance BDA – Network Virtualization – Software Defined Networking – Network Functions Virtualization – WAN optimization for transfer of big datastarted with SANs- storage infrastructure requirements for storing big data – FC SAN – IP SAN – NAS – GFS – Panasas – Luster file system – Introduction to cloud storage.

UNIT III REAL TIME ANALYTICS USING HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING 9

Technologies that support Real time analytics – MOA: Massive online analysis – GPFS: General parallel file system – Client case studies – Key distinctions – Machine data analytics – operational analytics – HPC Architecture models – In Database analytics – In memory analytics

UNIT IV SECURITY AND TECHNOLOGIES

Security, Privacy and Trust for user – generated content: The challenges and solutions – Role of real time big data processing in the IoT – End to End Security Framework for big sensing data streams – Clustering in big data.

UNIT V EMERGING BIG DATA APPLICATIONS

Deep learning Accelerators – Accelerators for clustering applications in machine learning -Accelerators for classification algorithms in machine learning – Accelerators for Big data Genome Sequencing

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Illustrate the basics concepts of High Performance computing systems.

CO2: Apply the concepts of network and software infrastructure for high performance computing

CO3: Show real time analytics using high performance computing

CO4: Apply the security models and big data applications in high performance computing

CO5: Classify the emerging big data applications.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/P PS	& 0 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	3	2	2	1	-	K	-		-	7	1	3	2
CO2	K3	3	2	2	2	1	-				-	1	1	3	2
CO3	K2	3	2	2	1	1	-			1	-	1	1	3	2
CO4	K3	3	2	1	1	ノ1	-	1	-	1			1	3	2
CO5	K2	2	1	1	1	1	-	[-]	-	1		5	1	3	2
Weigh Avera	ited ge	3	2	2	1	1		-	-	Ţ		1	1	3	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

- 1. High performance computing: Modern systems and practices", Thomas Sterling, Matthew Anderson, Morgan Kaufmann publishers,1st Edition,2017
- High Performance Computing for Big Data: Methodologies and Applications", Chao wang ,CRC Press,1st Edition,2018
- Pethuru Raj, Anupama Raman, Dhivya Nagaraj and Siddhartha Duggirala, High- Performance Big-Data Analytics: Computing Systems and Approaches, Springer, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 4. Big Data Management and Processing", Kuan-Ching Li , Hai Jiang, Albert Y. Zomaya, CRC Press,1st Edition,2017.



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	L	Т	Р	С
M23CSE210-INFORMATION RETRIEVAL TECHNIQUES	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basics of information retrieval with pertinence to modeling, query operations and indexing
- 2. To get an understanding of machine learning techniques for text classification and clustering.
- 3. To understand the various applications of information retrieval giving emphasis to multimedia IR, web search.
- 4. To get an understanding of machine learning techniques for text classification and clustering.
- 5. To understand the concepts of digital libraries

UNIT I INTRODUCTION: MOTIVATION

Basic Concepts – Practical Issues - Retrieval Process – Architecture - Boolean Retrieval – Retrieval Evaluation – Open-Source IR Systems–History of Web Search – Web Characteristics –The impact of the web on IR —IR Versus Web Search–Components of a Search engine.

UNIT II MODELING

Taxonomy and Characterization of IR Models – Boolean Model – Vector Model – Term Weighting – Scoring and Ranking –Language Models – Set Theoretic Models – Probabilistic Models – Algebraic Models – Structured Text Retrieval Models – Models for Browsing

UNIT III INDEXING

Static and Dynamic Inverted Indices – Index Construction and Index Compression. Searching – Sequential Searching and Pattern Matching. Query Operations -Query Languages – Query Processing - Relevance Feedback and Query Expansion - Automatic Local and Global Analysis – Measuring Effectiveness and Efficiency

UNIT IV EVALUATION AND PARALLEL INFORMATION RETRIEVAL 9

Traditional Effectiveness Measures – Statistics in Evaluation – Minimizing Adjudication Effect – Nontraditional Effectiveness Measures – Measuring Efficiency – Efficiency Criteria –Queueing Theory – Query Scheduling – Parallel Information Retrieval – Parallel Query Processing – MapReduce

UNIT V SEARCHING THE WEB

Searching the Web –Structure of the Web –IR and web search – Static and Dynamic Ranking – Web Crawling and Indexing – Link Analysis - XML Retrieval Multimedia IR: Models and Languages – Indexing and Searching Parallel and Distributed IR – Digital Libraries.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Build an Information Retrieval system using the available tools.

CO2: Identify and design the various components of an Information Retrieval system.

CO3: Compare the different types of IR Models.

CO4: Apply machine learning techniques to text classification and clustering which is used for efficient Information Retrieval.

CO5: Select an efficient search engine and analyze the Web content structure.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K3	3	2	3	2	1	CC	IMBAT	OR <u>e</u>	-		1	1	3	2
CO2	K3	3	3	2	2	1	-	-		-	-(1	1	3	2
CO3	K3	3	2	2	2	1				-		1	1	3	2
CO4	K3	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	/	1	1	3	2
CO5	K3	2	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
Weigh Averag	ted ge	3	2	2	2	1)_		-	-	1	1	3	3

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

- 1. Christopher D. Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan, Hinrich Schutze, Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge University Press, First South Asian Edition, 2008
- 2. Stefan Buttcher, Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines, The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England, 2016
- 3. Ricardo Baeza Yates, Berthier Ribeiro Neto, "Modern Information Retrieval: The concepts and Technology behind Search (ACM Press Books), Second Edition, 2011

Approved by BoS Chairman

	L	Т	Ρ	С
M23CSE211-SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE	3	0	0	3

- 1. Be exposed to the software quality factors, quality assurance architecture and SQA components.
- 2. Understand the integration of SQA components into the project life cycle.
- 3. Be familiar with the software quality infrastructure.
- 4. Be exposed to the management components of software quality.
- 5. Be familiar with the Quality standards, certifications and assessments

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE QUALITY & ARCHITECTURE 9

Need for Software quality – Software quality assurance (SQA) – Software quality factors- McCall's quality model – SQA system components – Pre project quality components – Development and quality plans.

UNIT II SQA COMPONENTS AND PROJECT LIFE CYCLE

Integrating quality activities in the project life cycle – Reviews – Software Testing – Quality of software maintenance components – Quality assurance for external participants contribution – CASE tools for software quality Management.

UNIT III SOFTWARE QUALITY INFRASTRUCTURE

Procedures and work instructions – Supporting quality devices - Staff training and certification - Corrective and preventive actions – Configuration management – Software change control – Configuration management audit -Documentation control.

UNIT IV SOFTWARE QUALITY MANAGEMENT & METRICS

Project process control – Software quality metrics – Cost of software quality – Classical quality cost model – Extended model – Application and Problems in application of Cost model

UNIT V STANDARDS, CERTIFICATIONS & ASSESSMENTS

Quality management standards – ISO 9001 and ISO 9000-3 –Capability Maturity Models – CMM and CMMI assessment methodologies - Bootstrap methodology – SPICE Project – SQA project process standards – Organization of Quality Assurance – Role of management in SQA – SQA units and other actors in SQA systems.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Approved by BoS Chairman

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Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Utilize the concepts of SQA in software development life cycle

CO2: Demonstrate their capability to adopt quality standards

CO3: Identify the quality of software products

CO4: Apply the concepts in preparing the quality plan & documents.

CO5: Experiment with the product meets company's quality standards and client's expectations and demands

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO 4 (K5)	PO 5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K3	3	2	2	2	1	ł	I	-	-		1	1	3	2
CO2	K2	3	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-		1	1	3	2
CO3	K3	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	()	1	1	3	2
CO4	K3	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-		1	1	3	2
CO5	K3	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	2
Weig Aver	hted age	3	2	2	2	1	-co	IMBAT	ORE	_		1	1	3	2

1-Weak

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

- 1. Kshirasagar Naim and Priyadarshini Tripathy, Software Testing and Quality Assurance Theory and Practice, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2008
- Mordechai Ben-Menachem "Software Quality: Producing Practical Consistent Software, International Thompson Computer Press, 2014
- 3. Daniel Galin, Software Quality Assurance, Pearson Publication, 2009.
- 4. Alan C. Gillies, "Software Quality: Theory and Management", International Thomson Computer Press, 2011.



	MODOSCOLO AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS	L	Т	Р	С
WI.E	M23CSE212- AUTONOMOUS STSTEMS	3	0	0	3

- 1. To impart knowledge on the functional architecture of autonomous vehicles
- 2. To impart knowledge on Localization and mapping fundamentals
- 3. To impart knowledge on process end effectors and robotic controls
- 4. To learn Robot cell design, Robot Transformation and Sensors
- 5. To learn Micro/Nano Robotic Systems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND FUNCTIONAL ARCHITECTURE

Functional architecture - Major functions in an autonomous vehicle system, Motion Modeling -Coordinate frames and transforms, point mass model, Vehicle modeling (kinematic and dynamic bicycle model - two-track models), Sensor Modeling - encoders, inertial sensors, GPS.

UNIT II PERCEPTION FOR AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS

SLAM - Localization and mapping fundamentals, LIDAR and visual SLAM, Navigation – Global path planning, Local path planning, Vehicle control - Control structures, PID control, Linear quadratic regulator, Sample controllers.

UNIT III ROBOTICS INTRODUCTION, END EFFECTORS AND CONTROL

Robot anatomy-Definition, law of robotics, Simple problems Specifications of Robot-Speed of Robot-Robot joints and links-Robot classifications-Architecture of robotic systems, Mechanical grippers-Slider crank mechanism, Screw type, Rotary actuators, cam type-Magnetic grippers- Vacuum grippers-Air operated grippers-Gripper force analysis - Gripper design-Simple problems- Robot controls-Point to point control, Continuous path control, Intelligent robotControl system for robot joint-Control actions-Feedback devices- Encoder, Resolver, LVDTMotion Interpolations- Adaptive control.

UNIT IV ROBOT TRANSFORMATIONS, SENSORS AND ROBOT CELL DESIGN 9

Robot kinematics-Types- 2D, 3D Transformation-Scaling, Rotation, Translation- Homogeneous coordinates, multiple transformation-Simple problems. Sensors in robot – Touch sensors-Tactile, Robot work cell design and control-Sequence control, Operator interface, Safety monitoring devices in Robot-Mobile robot working principle, actuation using MATLAB, NXT Software.



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UNIT V MICRO/NANO ROBOTICS SYSTEM

Micro/Nano robotics system overview-Scaling effect-Top down and bottom up approach Actuators of Micro/Nano robotics system-Nano robot communication techniques-Fabrication of micro/nano grippers-Wall climbing micro robot working principles-Biomimetic robot-Swarm robot-Nano robot in targeted drug delivery system.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Choose architecture and modeling of autonomous systems

CO2: Make use of localization mapping techniques for autonomous systems

CO3: Develop solutions for autonomous systems control.

CO4: Analyze Robot Transformations, Sensors and Cell Design

CO5: Explain the working principles of Micro/Nano Robotic system

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K3	3	2	2	2	1					(-)	1	1	3	2
CO2	K3	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	1) י	1	1	3	2
CO3	K3	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	V	1	1	3	2
CO4	K4	2	1	2	2	1		-	-	-		1	1	3	2
CO5	K2	2	2	1	1	1		-	-	-	- \	1	1	3	2
Weigh Avera	nted age	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1-Weak

- 1. Markus Maurer, Autonomous driving: technical, legal and social aspects. Springer, 2016
- 2. Jha, Theory, Design and Applications of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles, CRC Press, 2016
- 3. S.R. Deb, Robotics Technology and flexible automation, Tata McGraw-Hill Education., 2009
- 4. Mikell P Groover & Nicholas G Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N Nagel, Ashish Dutta, Industrial Robotics, Technology programming and Applications, McGraw Hill, 2012.



- 5. Karsten Berns, Ewald Puttkamer, Springer, Autonomous Land Vehicles: Steps towards Service Robots, 2009
- 6. Daniel Watzenig and Martin Horn (Eds.), Automated Driving: Safer and More Efficient Future Driving, Springer, 2017





ME		L	Т	Ρ	С
IVI. L	MIZSCSEZTS- WED ANALT TICS	3	0	0	3

- 1. To understand the Web analytics platform, and their evolution.
- 2. To learn about the various Data Streams Data.
- 3. To learn about the benefits of surveys and capturing of data
- 4. To understand Common metrics of web as well as KPI related concepts.
- 5. To learn about the various Web analytics versions.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Definition, Process, Key terms: Site references, Keywords and Key phrases; building block terms: Visit characterization terms, Content characterization terms, Conversion metrics; Categories: Offsite web, on site web; Web analytics platform, Web analytics evolution, Need for web analytics, Advantages, Limitations.

UNIT II DATA COLLECTION

Click stream Data: Web logs, Web Beacons, JavaScript tags, Packet Sniffing; Outcomes Data: Ecommerce, Lead generation, Brand/Advocacy and Support; Research data: Mindset, Organizational structure, Timing; Competitive Data: Panel-Based measurement, ISP-based measurement, Search Engine data.

UNIT III QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS

Heuristic evaluations: Conducting a heuristic evaluation, Benefits of heuristic evaluations; Site Visits: Conducting a site visit, Benefits of site visits; Surveys: Website surveys, Post-visit surveys, creating and running a survey, Benefits of surveys. Capturing data: Web logs or JavaScript's tags, Separate data serving and data capture, Type and size of data, Innovation, Integration, Selecting optimal web analytic tool, Understanding click stream data quality, Identifying unique page definition, Using cookies, Link coding issues.

UNIT IV WEB METRICS

Common metrics: Hits, Page views, Visits, Unique visitors, Unique page views, Bounce, Bounce rate, Page/visit, Average time on site, New visits; Optimization (e-commerce, non e-commerce

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sites): Improving bounce rates, Optimizing adwords campaigns; Real time report, Audience report, Traffic source report, Custom campaigns, Content report, Google analytics, Introduction to KPI, characteristics, Need for KPI, Perspective of KPI, Uses of KPI. Relevant Technologies: Internet & TCP/IP, Client / Server Computing, HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol), Server Log Files & Cookies, Web Bugs.

UNIT V WEB ANALYTICS 2.0

Web analytics 1.0, Limitations of web analytics 1.0, Introduction to analytic 2.0, Competitive intelligence analysis : CI data sources, Toolbar data, Panel data ,ISP data, Search engine data, Hybrid data, Website traffic analysis: Comparing long term traffic trends, Analyzing competitive site overlap and opportunities. Google Analytics: Brief introduction and working, Adwords, Benchmarking, Categories of traffic: Organic traffic, Paid traffic; Google website optimizer, Implementation technology, Limitations, Performance concerns, Privacy issues.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Demonstrate the Web analytics platform, and their evolution.

CO2: Make use of the various Data Streams Data.

CO3: Explain the survey of capturing of data will benefit.

CO4: Illustrate Common metrics of web as well as KPI related concepts.

CO5: Apply various Web analytics versions in existence.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/PO & PSO		PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO 4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
CO2	K3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
CO3	K2	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
CO4	K2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
CO5	K3	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
Weighted Average		3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2

Approved by BoS Chairman

- 1. Clifton B., Advanced Web Metrics with Google Analytics, Wiley Publishing, Inc.2nd ed, 2012.
- 2. Kaushik A., Web Analytics 2.0, The Art of Online Accountability and Science of Customer Centricity, Wiley Publishing, Inc. 1st ed, 2010.
- Sterne J., Web Metrics: Proven methods for measuring web site success, John Wiley and Sons, 2002





M.E	L	Т	Ρ	С
	3	0	0	3

- 1. To familiarize Use the Innovation Canvas to justify potentially successful products.
- 2. To learn various ways in which to develop a product idea.
- 3. To understand about how Big Data can play vital role in Cognitive Computing
- 4. To know about the business applications of Cognitive Computing
- 5. To get into all applications of Cognitive Computing

UNIT I FOUNDATION OF COGNITIVE COMPUTING

9

Foundation of Cognitive Computing: cognitive computing as a new generation, the uses of cognitive systems, system cognitive, gaining insights from data, Artificial Intelligence as the foundation of cognitive computing, understanding cognition Design Principles for Cognitive Systems: Components of a cognitive system, building the corpus, bringing data into cognitive system, machine learning, hypotheses generation and scoring, presentation, and visualization services

UNIT II NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING IN COGNITIVE SYSTEMS 9

Natural Language Processing in support of a Cognitive System: Role of NLP in a cognitive system, semantic web, Applying Natural language technologies to Business problems Representing knowledge in Taxonomies and Ontologies: Representing knowledge, Defining Taxonomies and Ontologies, knowledge representation, models for knowledge representation, implementation considerations

UNIT III BIG DATA AND COGNITIVE COMPUTING

9

Relationship between Big Data and Cognitive Computing: Dealing with human-generated data, defining big data, architectural foundation, analytical data warehouses, Hadoop, data in motion and streaming data, integration of big data with traditional data Applying Advanced Analytics to cognitive computing: Advanced analytics is on a path to cognitive computing, Key capabilities in advanced analytics, using advanced analytics to create value, Impact of open source tools on advanced analytics

UNIT IV BUSINESS IMPLICATIONS OF COGNITIVE COMPUTING

Approved by BoS Chairman

R2023

Preparing for change ,advantages of new disruptive models , knowledge meaning to business, difference with a cognitive systems approach , meshing data together differently, using business knowledge to plan for the future , answering business questions in new ways , building business specific solutions , making cognitive computing a reality , cognitive application changing the market The process of building a cognitive application: Emerging cognitive platform, defining the objective, defining the domain, understanding the intended users and their attributes, questions and exploring insights, training and testing

UNIT V APPLICATION OF COGNITIVE COMPUTING

9

Building a cognitive health care application: Foundations of cognitive computing for healthcare, constituents in healthcare ecosystem, learning from patterns in healthcare Data, Building on a foundation of big data analytics, cognitive applications across the health care eco system, starting with a cognitive application for healthcare, using cognitive applications to improve health and wellness, using a cognitive application to enhance the electronic medical record Using cognitive application to improve clinical teaching

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Explain applications in Cognitive Computing.

CO2: Demonstrate Natural language processor role in Cognitive computing.

CO3: Explain future directions of Cognitive Computing

CO4: Identify the process of taking a product to market

 $\textbf{CO5:} \ \textbf{Select the applications involved in this domain.}$

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/PO & PSO		PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
CO2	K2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
CO3	K2	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
CO4	K3	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
CO5	K3	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2
Weighted Average		3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2

Approved by BoS Chairman

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1-Weak

- Judith H Hurwitz, Marcia Kaufman, Adrian Bowles, "Cognitive computing and Big Data Analytics", Wiley, 2015
- 2. Noah D. Goodman, Joshua B. Tenenbaum, The ProbMods Contributors, "Probabilistic Models of Cognition", Second Edition, 2016, https://probmods.org/.
- 3. Robert A. Wilson, Frank C. Keil, "The MIT Encyclopedia of the Cognitive Sciences", The MIT Press, 1999.




MF	M23CSE215- QUANTUM COMPUTING	L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3

- 1. To introduce the building blocks of Quantum computers and highlight the paradigm change between conventional computing and quantum computing
- 2. To understand the Quantum state transformations and the algorithms
- 3. To understand entangled quantum subsystems and properties of entangled states
- 4. To explore the applications of quantum computing

UNIT I QUANTUM BUILDING BLOCKS

The Quantum Mechanics of Photon Polarization, Single-Qubit Quantum Systems, Quantum State Spaces, Entangled States, Multiple-Qubit Systems, Measurement of Multiple-Qubit States, EPR Paradox and Bell's Theorem, Bloch sphere

UNIT II QUANTUM STATE TRANSFORMATIONS

Unitary Transformations, Quantum Gates, Unitary Transformations as Quantum Circuits, Reversible Classical Computations to Quantum Computations, Language for Quantum Implementations.

UNIT III QUANTUM ALGORITHMS

Computing with Superpositions, Quantum Subroutines, Quantum Fourier Transformations, Shor's Algorithm and Generalizations, Grover's Algorithm and Generalizations

UNIT IV ENTANGLED SUBSYSTEMS AND ROBUST QUANTUM COMPUTATION 9

Quantum Subsystems, Properties of Entangled States, Quantum Error Correction, Graph states and codes, CSS Codes, Stabilizer Codes, Fault Tolerance and Robust Quantum Computing

UNIT V QUANTUM INFORMATION PROCESSING

Limitations of Quantum Computing, Alternatives to the Circuit Model of Quantum Computation, Quantum Protocols, Building Quantum, Computers, Simulating Quantum Systems, Bell states. Quantum teleportation. Quantum Cryptography, no cloning theorem

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Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Outline the basics principles of quantum computing

CO2: Identify the difference between conventional and quantum computing

CO3: Interpret the steps of quantum computing algorithms

CO4: Summarize the quantum computation techniques

CO5: Compare the classes of problems to be solved by quantum computers

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	2	2
CO2	K3	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	K2	2	2	2	2	2	1		-	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	K2	3	2	3	2	2		-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	K2	2	2	2	Ţ	2		-	-	2	2	2	3	3	2
Weigh Avera	nted ige	2	3	2	2	2	2		ORE	-	2	2	2	2	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Reference Books:

- 1. John Gribbin, Computing with Quantum Cats: From Colossus to Qubits, 2021
- 2. William (Chuck) Easttom, Quantum Computing Fundamentals, 2021
- 3. Parag Lala, Quantum Computing, 2019
- 4. Eleanor Rieffel and Wolfgang Polak, QUANTUM COMPUTING A Gentle Introduction, 2011
- 5. Nielsen M. A., Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge University Press.2002
- 6. Benenti G., Casati G. and Strini G., Principles of Quantum Computation and Information, Vol. I: Basic Concepts, Vol II: Basic Tools and Special Topics, World Scientific. 2004
- 7. Pittenger A. O., An Introduction to Quantum Computing Algorithms 2000



		L	Т	Ρ	С
IVI.E	M23CSE216- BIG DATA MINING AND ANALTICS	3	0	0	3

- To understand the computational approaches to Modeling, Feature Extraction. 1.
- 2. To understand the need and application of Map Reduce.
- 3. To understand the various search algorithms applicable to Big Data.
- To analyze and interpret streaming data and handle large data sets in main memory. 4.
- 5. To learn the various clustering techniques applicable to Big Data.

UNIT I DATA MINING AND LARGE SCALE FILES

Introduction to Statistical modeling – Machine Learning – Computational approaches to modeling – Summarization – Feature Extraction – Statistical Limits on Data Mining - Distributed File Systems – Map-reduce – Algorithms using Map Reduce – Efficiency of Cluster Computing Techniques.

UNIT II SIMILAR ITEMS

Nearest Neighbor Search - Shingling of Documents - Similarity preserving summaries - Locality sensitive hashing for documents - Distance Measures - Theory of Locality Sensitive Functions -LSH Families – Methods for High Degree of Similarities.

UNIT III MINING DATA STREAMS

Stream Data Model - Sampling Data in the Stream - Filtering Streams - Counting Distance Elements in a Stream – Estimating Moments – Counting Ones in Window – Decaying Windows.

UNIT IV LINK ANALYSIS AND FREQUENT ITEMSETS

Page Rank –Efficient Computation - Topic Sensitive Page Rank – Link Spam – Market Basket Model – A-priori algorithm – Handling Larger Datasets in Main Memory – Limited Pass Algorithm – Counting Frequent Item sets.

UNIT V **CLUSTERING**

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Introduction to Clustering Techniques – Hierarchical Clustering –Algorithms – K-Means – CURE – Clustering in Non – Euclidean Spaces – Streams and Parallelism – Case Study: Advertising on the Web – Recommendation Systems.

Total Instructional hours: 45

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Identify algorithms by employing Map Reduce technique for solving Big Data problems.

CO2: Demonstrate algorithms for Big Data by deciding on the apt Features set

CO3: Develop algorithms for handling petabytes of datasets

CO4: Classify algorithms and propose optimized memory based solutions for Big Data

CO5: Infer solutions for problems in Big Data using appropriate clustering techniques.

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K3	3	2	3	2	2	- CO	IMBAT	ORE	2	2	3	3	2	2
CO2	K2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	K3	2	2	2	2	2		-	-	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	K2	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	K2	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	3	3	2
Weigh Avera	nted ge	2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jure Leskovec, AnandRajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, 3rd Edition, 2020.
- 2. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber, Jian Pei, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufman Publications, Third Edition, 2012.
- 3. Ian H.Witten, Eibe Frank "Data Mining Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques", Morgan Kaufman Publications, Third Edition, 2011.
- 4. David Hand, HeikkiMannila and Padhraic Smyth, "Principles of Data Mining", MIT PRESS, 2001

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		L	Т	Р	С
M.E	M23CSP201 – SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LABORATORY	0	0	4	2

- 1. To impart state-of-the-art knowledge on Software Engineering
- 2. To use UML in an interactive manner through the Web..

1

- 3. To present case studies to demonstrate practical applications of different concepts
- 4. To provide a scope to students where they can solve small, real-life problems

List of Experiments:

Expt.

No.

Description of the Experiments

1.	FORWARD ENGINEERING						
	Students have to form a team with a batch size of two or three and take up						
	a case study based project to analyze, plan, design UML models and						
	create a prototypical model (identifying deliverables) by coding the						
	developed designs and finally documenting considering any one example						
	of the following						
	1. Academics (Course Registration System, Student marks						
	analyzingsystem)						
	2. Health Care (Expert system to prescribe medicines for given						
	symptoms						
	Remote Diagnostics, Patient/Hospital ManagementSystem)						
	3. Finance (Banking:ATM/NetBanking.						
	UPI PavTM/PhonePav Stocks:Zerodba)						
	4 E-Commerce (various online shopping portals						
	likeFlinKart/Amazon/Myntra)						
	5 Logistics (Postal/Courier:IndiaPost/DTDC/LIPS/FedEx Freight:Maersk)						
	6 Hospitality (Tourism Management: Telangana Tourism/Incredible						
	India Event anagement: MeraEvents/BookMyShow/Evplara/EventBrite)						
	7 Social Networking (LinkedIn, FaceBook, Shaadi com						
	BharatMatrimony Tinder)						
	8 Customer Support (Banking Ombudeman Indian Consumer						
	ComplaintsForum)						
	9 Booking/Ticketing/Food:Zomato/Swiggy/BigBasket/Grofers/ lioMart						
	9. Dooking/Ticketing(1000.20mato/Swiggy/DigDasket/Orolets/300Matt, Hotol:OVO/Trivago or Travol:/Care:Libor/OLA/Zoom						
	Pollwove: PCTC Puppe: Opline TSPTC/DedPup/AbbiPup						
	Rallways.IRCTC, Duses.OllineTSRTC/Reubus/Abhibus, Elighte:MakaMyTrin/Caibiba, Shipa:Lakpart))						
2							
Ζ.	REVERSE EINGINEERING.						
	Students have to refer any project repository: GitLab /GitHub, execute the						
	code in order to observe its functionalities/reatures/requirements and by						



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the help of any tool derive the designs from the code for understanding the relationships among various subsystems/classes/components and if the tool partially generates models then identify by associating elements to judge/mark the appropriate

then identify by associating elements to judge/mark the appropriate relationships.

3. TESTING: Prepare Test Plan and develop Test Case Hierarchy to monitor or uncover/report errors using manual/automated testing tools

Total Instructional hours: 30

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Interpret variety of approaches and perspectives of system development

CO2: Identify the requirements which are relevant to the design of the system

CO3: Model software design with a set of objects and their relationships using structural modeling

CO4: Take part in using the advanced and behavioral modeling to develop case study

CO5: Build activities with the help of architectural modeling

3 – Strong					2- Moderate				1- Weak						
CO/PO PSO	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	PSO2 (K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	2	2	2	1	-			2	2	2	2	2	1
CO2	K3	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	3	1
CO3	K3	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO4	K4	3	2	2	2	1			-	2	2	2	1	2	1
CO5	K3	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	1
Weigh Avera	ited ge	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	2	1

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

List of Equipment Required:

Requirements for a Batch of 25 Students

SI. No.	Description of the Equipment	Quantity required (Nos.)
1.	Dell Optiplex 380 PCs Operating systems: Windows* 7 or later, macOS, and Linux. Software Required: StarUML/Umbrello, NetBeans/Eclipse IDE, XAMPP/MEANstack, JUnit, JMeter, Selenium, Bugzilla	25

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ME	M23CSP202 – TERM PAPER AND SEMINAR	L	Т	Ρ	С
		0	0	2	1

- 1. To work on a specific technical topic of research interest for oral presentation
- 2. To acquire technical writing abilities for seminars and conferences.
- 3. To publish quality papers and reputed journals.
- 4. In this course, students will develop their scientific and technical reading and writing skills that they need to understand and construct research articles.
- 5. A term paper requires a student to obtain information from a variety of sources (i.e., Journals, dictionaries, reference books) and then place it in logically developed ideas.

The work involves the following steps:

- 1. Selecting a subject, narrowing the subject into a topic
- 2. Stating an objective.
- 3. Collecting the relevant bibliography (at least 15 journal papers)
- 4. Preparing a working outline.
- 5. Studying the papers and understanding the author's contributions and critically analyzing each paper.
- 6. Preparing a working outline
- 7. Linking the papers and preparing a draft of the paper.
- 8. Preparing conclusions based on the reading of all the papers.
- 9. Writing the Final Paper and giving final Presentation

Please keep a file where the work carried out by you is maintained.

Activities to be carried Out.

Activity	Instructions	Submission week	Evaluation
Selection of	You are requested to select an area of	2nd week	3 % Based on clarity of
area of	interest, topic and state an objective		thought, current
interest and			relevance and clarity
Торіс			in writing

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Stating an Objective			
Collecting	1. List 1 Special Interest Groups or	3rd week	3%
Information	professional society		(the selected information
about your	2. List 2 journals		must be
area & topic	3. List 2 conferences, symposia or		area specific and of
	workshops		international and
	4. List 1 thesis title		national standard)
	5. List 3 web presences (mailing lists,		
	forums, news sites)		
	6. List 3 authors who publish regularly in		
	your area		
	7. Attach a call for papers (CFP) from your	54	
	area.	10	
Collection of	You have to provide a complete list of	4th week	6%
Journal	references you will be using- Based on		(the list of standard
papers in the	your objective - <mark>Search var</mark> ious digital		papers and reason for
topic in the	libraries and G <mark>oogle Scho</mark> lar		selection)
context of the	When picking papers to read - try to:		
objective –	 Pick papers that are related to each other 		
collect 20 &	in some ways and/or that are in the same		
then filter	field so that you can write a meaningful		
	survey out of them,		
	 Favour papers from well-known 		
	journals and conferences,		
	• Favour "first" or "foundational" papers in		
	the field (as indicated in other people's		
	survey paper),		
	 Favour more recent papers, 		
	 Pick a recent survey of the field so you 		
	can quickly gain an overview,		
	 Find relationships with respect to each 		

	other and to your topic area		
	(classification scheme/categorization)		
	 Mark in the hard copy of papers whether 		
	complete work or section/sections of the		
	paper are being considered		
Reading and	Reading Paper Process	5th week	8%
notes for first	 For each paper form a Table answering 		(the table given
5 papers	the following questions:		should indicate your
	 What is the main topic of the article? 		understanding of the
	 What was/were the main issue(s) the 		paper and the
	author said they want to discuss?		evaluation is based on
	Why did the author claim it was	EL	your conclusions
	important?		about each paper)
	 How does the work build on other's work, 	The second se	
	in the author's opinion?		
	 What simplifying assumptions does the 		
	author claim to be making?		
	What did the author do?		
	• How did the author claim they were going		
	to evaluate their work and compare it to		
	others?		
	 What did the author say were the 		
	limitations of their research?		
	 What did the author say were the 		
	important directions for future		
	research?		
	Conclude with limitations/issues not		
	addressed by the paper (from the		
	perspective of your survey)		
Reading and	Repeat Reading Paper Process	6 th week	8%
notes for			(the table given

next 5 papers			should indicate your		
			understanding of the		
			paper and the		
			evaluation is based on		
			your conclusions		
			about each paper)		
Reading and	Repeat Reading Paper Process	7 th week	8%		
notes for			(the table given		
final 5 papers			should indicate your		
			understanding of the		
	EYOND		paper and the		
	BL	E	evaluation is based on		
		To	your conclusions		
			about each paper)		
Draft outline	Prepare a draft Outline, your survey goals,	8 th week	8%		
1 and Linking	along with a classification / categorization		(this component will		
papers			be evaluated based		
	COIMBATORE		on the linking and		
			classification among		
			the papers)		
Abstract	Prepare a draft abstract and give a	9 th week	6%		
	presentation		(Clarity, purpose and		
			conclusion)		
			6% Presentation &		
			Viva Voce		
Introduction	Write an introduction and background	10 th week	5%		
Background	sections		(clarity)		
Sections of	Write the sections of your paper based on	11 th week	10%		
the paper	the classification / categorization diagram		(this component will		
			be evaluated based		
			on the linking and		
			classification among		

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			the papers)		
Your	Write your conclusions and future work	12 th week	5% (conclusions –		
conclusions			clarity and your ideas)		
Final Draft	Complete the final draft of your paper	13 th week	10% (formatting,		
			English, Clarity and		
			linking) 4% Plagiarism		
			Check Report		
Seminar	A brief 15 slides on your paper	14 th and 15 th	10%		
		week	(based on presentation		
			and Viva-voce)		

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

CO1: Identify domain specific objective.

CO2: Summarize the literature survey.

CO3: Analyze different methodologies.

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CO4: Organize final draft of the research paper

CO5: List presentation for the research undergone

CO Mapping with PO & PSO

3 – Strong

2- Moderate

1- Weak

Total Instructional hours: 30

CO/P PS	0 & 0	PO1 (K3)	PO2 (K4)	PO3 (K5)	PO4 (K5)	PO5 (K6)	PO6 (K3) (A3)	PO7 (K2) (A3)	PO8 (K3) (A3)	PO9 (A3)	PO10 (A3)	PO11 (K3) (A3)	PO12 (A3)	PSO1 (K4) (A3)	(K3) (A3)
CO1	K2	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2		2	2	2	1
CO2	K2	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2		2	2	3	1
CO3	K4	2	3	3	3	3 🔻	3	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO4	K3	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1
CO5	K4	3	2	2	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1
Weigh Avera	nted ge	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1

